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MONDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1981 MUHARRAM 6, 1402 A.H.

## Begin tells U.S. to be wary of Saudi plan

TEL AVIV, Nov. 1 (R) — Israel Sunday rejected Saudi Arabia's Middle East peace plan and urged the United States to beware of it, officials said.

Israeli Prime Minister Menahem Begin has sent a letter to President Reagan denouncing the eight-point plan as sophisticated proposals aimed in reality at Israel's gradual destruction, his spokesman said.

Begin rejected the American State Department's statement that the plan implicitly recognized Israel's right to exist, the spokesman said.

The plan provides for Israel's withdrawal from all occupied territory and creation of a Palestinian state with Jerusalem as its capital, and "affirms the right of all states of the region to live in peace."

The last point has awakened interest in Washington and other Western capitals, and President Reagan has said it was a possibly important step in the peace process.

But Begin, in his letter to President Reagan, did not accept this view of the plan.

Begin called on President Reagan to remain faithful to the Camp David accords, which have already led to peace between Egypt and Israel, as the only basis for Middle East peace.

The Israeli government Sunday decided to mount a publicity campaign in the United States against the Saudi Arabian plan, cabinet sources said.

Begin briefed his cabinet and the sources said he expressed fears that the U.S. might try to add certain aspects to the Camp David accords in an attempt to widen the peace process.

One cabinet source said: "If the U.S. does decide on such a move, it would be a very dangerous move and could destroy altogether the peace process."

Some Israeli cabinet ministers said privately that the United States rather than Egypt posed a grave threat to the Camp David accords.

Israel's concern about a shift in U.S. Middle East policy was underlined by Israeli Defense Minister Ariel Sharon's decision to postpone indefinitely a visit to the United States, scheduled for this month, to begin discussions on strategic cooperation.

## Germans find arms dump

BONN, Nov. 1 (R) — Huge stocks of guns, grenades and ammunition belonging to right-wing extremists have been found in Lueneburger Heath in Lower Saxony, state Premier Ernst Albrecht said Sunday.

Albrecht said in a radio interview that he was astonished at the extent of the cache, which included pistols, rifles, a large store of hand grenades and ammunition and a kilo of potassium cyanide. The weapons were discovered by police Friday. Albrecht said their rightist origin was "unmistakable" and said the discovery was a sign of growing right-wing extremism in the country.

*Bild Am Sonntag*, a popular conservative newspaper, said the cache was the largest of its kind in the history of the Federal Republic. The newspaper said more than 20 separate caches, including machine guns and hundreds of kilos of explosives, had been found mainly on the Lueneburger Heath. Many of the weapons were new West German army stock, it said, some of them packed in cases and buried.

Police in Hanover said the matter was in the hands of the chief public prosecutor in Karlsruhe. But the prosecutor's office would make no comment.

The emergence of new violent extreme rightists groups has worried West German authorities. Last week, an examining magistrate in Karlsruhe issued arrest warrants against three suspected rightist extremists detained in Belgium. Bavarian authorities said they had smashed a neo-Nazi group after a shoot-out.

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**SWEDISH VIGIL:** Swedish paratroopers guard Saturday the Soviet submarine 137 which was grounded 100 meters off the Karlskrona island.

With Moscow permission

## Sweden expects captain to explain

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 1 (R) — Sweden expects Moscow to let the captain of a stranded Soviet submarine leave his vessel and explain what it was doing when it ran aground in Swedish waters last Tuesday, diplomatic sources said Sunday.

It was not known whether the captain would make known his decision to talk with officers at the scene or through the Soviet Embassy in Stockholm, the sources added.

The commander of *Submarine 137*, which ran aground in a restricted military zone near Sweden's Baltic Naval Base at Karlskrona, has said he would not leave his command without orders from Moscow and would only explain the submarine's presence if Soviet diplomats were present.

Soviet radio said a senior Swedish navy officer spent about one hour on the submarine Sunday afternoon before emerging alone.

The radio said Com. Karl Andersson, who spent several minutes on the vessel earlier in the day, told reporters he had spoken to the captain but gave no details.

Diplomatic sources said there had been a high-level meeting at the Swedish foreign ministry but said no Soviet officials were present.

The Soviet Union has expressed regret over the incident but Sweden has rejected this as inadequate. It wants a plausible

explanation from the captain about his presence in the restricted zone.

Two Soviet diplomats are in Karlskrona, but they're prohibited from entering the restricted zone.

Strong arc lights cast an eerie glow over the area, sealed off since Friday by a cordon of coast guard and navy vessels.

A defense staff spokesman said cold weather, cramped conditions and the long period of waiting were bound to put pressure on the 56-man crew.

One of the destroyers in a Soviet naval force standing by in international waters headed eastward Saturday night and was replaced by another destroyer. Sweden has refused to let Soviet vessels help salvage the submarine.

Some observers believe that the Kremlin is hoping to wear out Swedish naval authorities and make them lose their patience and commit some error which Moscow can then utilize to its own advantage. But there does not seem much hope of this happening.

For the Swedish government is well aware of the enormous impact the affair is having throughout the world, in every capital.

At least the Soviet diplomatic apology made on Friday has in some ways made up for a Swedish defense system which let a

submarine slip through it unseen, although it must be admitted that Sweden has an unusually long coastline of 2,700 kms (1,620 miles).

Stockholm, under the international mass media searchlight, wants to stress that despite Scandinavian neutrality, it will react firmly in the face of any external aggression.

Senior naval officers realize the need for patience, and have told newsmen here: "It is for the Soviets to decide how much longer they want to stay on their rock."

In view of the Soviet apology, described by Stockholm as "exceptional," it is difficult to see why Capt. Guzhin is still holding out. He said earlier that he would only obey commands from his mother base at Kaliningrad, but it is known here that he has since been in contact with his superior officers there.

The mass circulation *Daily Express* suggested Sunday that he had to report to Moscow before being questioned by Swedish officers. One press report claimed that differences had broken out between the captain and his crew, but this has been denied by Swedish Naval Headquarters here.

A spokesman said that talks between the Swedish and Soviet authorities on refloating the submarine were "continuing normally".

**Columbia set to prove ability as orbiting lab**

By Walter Bagley

ments for future satellites.

CAPE CANAVERAL, Nov. 1 (R) — An American spaceship blasts into orbit this week to demonstrate its ability to become an orbiting laboratory for scientific experiments which can make return journeys to Earth whenever it wishes. It is space shuttle *Columbia*, which is already due to make history on Wednesday by becoming the first spacecraft to return to space.

*Columbia* made its maiden flight last April, and blasts off again from the Kennedy Space Center at Cape Canaveral in the second of four test flights before going into regular operation as an orbiting base for scientific experiments.

This time it will be carrying its first scientific payload, involving equipment for seven experiments. All but one involve observations of the Earth's surface. The final experiment, involving 72 dwarf sunflower plants, is a preliminary test for Spacelab experiments on plant growth in space.

By 1983, the *Columbia* will be flying the European-built Spacelab, a self-contained research laboratory which will enable non-astronaut scientists to work in the unique environment of space.

Five of this week's automated experiments will be stowed in the *Columbia*'s big cargo bay, which will remain open during most of the five-day mission which involves 84 orbits of the Earth.

The other two experiments, one of which involves active participation by the two astronauts, will be carried in the crew's quarters in the forward part of the spaceship.

To expose the experiments to the Earth's surface, the *Columbia* will fly upside down during most of its mission.

The five instrument packages in the cargo bay, all attached to a U-shaped aluminum frame called a Spacelab pallet, will record observations of the Earth's geological features, ocean colors and air pollution. The results will help scientists to design instru-

ments for future satellites.

Two veteran test pilots, Joe Engle and Richard Truly, who flew a test shuttle in the 1970's and served as back-up crew for *Columbia*'s maiden flight, will be the astronauts at the controls next Wednesday.

They will spend much of their time observing and filming thunderstorms on Earth as



**HISTORIC FEAT:** Picture of the U.S. space shuttle *Columbia* which is due to make history Wednesday by becoming the first spacecraft to return to Earth.

part of an experiment to study lightning from space.

In a window of their flight cabin, there is an automated photo-optical system to record lightning flashes.

Among the baggage will be an aluminum suitcase-like container that could hold the hope of outer-space agriculture. The suitcase will contain 85 dwarf sunflower seeds, each plant in a separate cylinder, intended to determine the proper amount of moisture needed to grow seedlings in a weightless environment, according to University of Pennsylvania botanist Allan H. Brown.

For Brown, this week's experiment, one of several to be conducted on the shuttle — is a prelude to more elaborate research on the effect of weightlessness on plant growth. That experiment will be carried out in 1983 on the first flight of *Spacelab L*.

The data this experiment provides is expected to prove interesting to researchers who look toward a time food may be grown in outer space for space colonies.

Another of Brown's goals in the space shuttle experiment is to help settle a scientific argument on plant structure.

When *Columbia* lands at Edwards air base in California, Brown will retrieve the case and rush it to a laboratory, where the seedlings will be photographed and checked for height, weight and water content.

If the *Columbia* experiment yields "some definite answers, it will improve our understanding of the growth process in general," Brown explained.

The scientific experiments will be the first test of the shuttle's cargo-carrying capability.

Col. Engle, 49, and Truly, 43, will conduct the first tests of the shuttle's 50-foot (15-meter) Canadian-built mechanical arm, called the remote manipulator system.

The tubular arm, with joints at its shoulder, elbow and wrist, will enable astronauts to remove packages from the cargo bay and deploy them in space or to "catch" orbiting objects for return to Earth.

Tentative accord reached

## U.K. auto giant's fate rests with workers

LONDON, Nov. 1 (Agencies) — Picket lines formed outside some British Leyland (BL) plants Sunday despite a tentative peace plan to end a pay strike which threatens the state-owned car giant with extinction.

The agreement, after 13 hours of talks between unions and management, came too late to stop BL's 58,000 manual workers from going on strike at midnight Saturday.

The new proposals are to be put to mass meetings of BL workers on Tuesday and involve improved productivity payments. But the management has not increased its basic offer of a 3.8 percent pay rise over which the strike was called. If the proposals are thrown out, BL chairman Sir Michael Edwards could still carry out his threat to start liquidating the company.

Sir Michael said after the agreement Saturday night that management had made some concessions and appealed to workers to go to work Monday. Pickets were already on duty outside BL's factory in Cowley, near Oxford. At Longbridge, in Birmingham, workers were going in to close the factory boilers in preparation for the stoppage.

Most of the pickets reacted angrily to the news that they would be asked to vote on the peace plan Tuesday. "This is what we feared might happen: wavering at the top at the last minute," said one worker.

"It looks as if we are going to be sold out," said another. "We are standing here for more money but money wasn't mentioned in the announcement."

BL has lost money consistently for several

### Schools closed to pray for rain

RIYADH, Nov. 1 (SPA) — Crown Prince Fahd declared Monday, Nov. 2 to be a school and university holiday so that the students may take part in the rain seeking prayers ordered by King Khaled. He said that under the instructions of the King all schools and universities must remain closed.

King Khaled last week said the Muslims must pray to God seeking rain. This is done in times of severe drought.

### Faces uncertain future

## Antigua becomes free

ST. JOHN'S, Antigua, Nov. 1 (AP) — Church bells pealed, guns boomed from warships and the Union Jack was replaced at midnight by the sun-over-sand flag of a new nation as this tiny dot in the Caribbean gained its independence Sunday from Britain.

The ceremonies, presided over by Britain's Princess Margaret and by the man who now becomes prime minister, Premier Vere Bird, brought an end to nearly 350 years of British rule. It also ushered in an uncertain future for the island's 75,000 inhabitants, whose average income is barely \$1,000 and who are depending more on foreign aid from the West.

At midnight local time (0400 GMT) Antigua became the independent nation of Antigua and Barbuda — so named in reference to a sparsely populated sister island that could mount the new nation's first major crisis with its threats to secede.

Bird, in a speech to thousands assembled at the island's main cricket field, pledged friendship for Britain and called on Antigua's young for discipline and hard work. He also acclaimed Britain, Canada, and the United

### Americans oppose counter N-attack

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP) — A majority of Americans do not think the United States should respond with nuclear weapons if the Soviet Union launches a limited nuclear attack in Western Europe, according to the latest press-NBC news poll.

The poll, of 1,598 adults by telephone Oct. 25-26 in a scientific random sampling, also said an overwhelming majority believes neither the United States nor the Soviet Union could win a nuclear war against the other.

Half the respondents said President Ronald Reagan — under recent criticism for his statements about use of arms in Western Europe — has made United States foreign policy clear to America's allies in Western Europe.

Twenty-five percent said Reagan has not made U.S. policies clear to Western European allies, and said that is a serious problem. The remaining 25 percent either were not sure or said unclear policies in Western Europe are not a serious foreign policy problem.

The poll said 52 percent do not think the United States should respond with nuclear weapons if the Soviet Union launched a limited nuclear attack on an American ally in Western Europe.

In the event of a tactical Soviet nuclear strike in Western Europe, 16 percent said, the United States should counter with a limited strike against an Eastern European country, while 13 percent said the U.S. response should be an all-out nuclear attack on the Soviet Union itself. Nineteen percent said they were unsure how the United States should respond to a Soviet nuclear attack in

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**Cooperation discussed****World Bank chief meets high officials**

RIYADH, Nov. 1 (SPA) — Finance and National Economy Minister Sheikh Muhammad Aba Al-Khalil Sunday conferred with World Bank President Tom Clausen on relations between Saudi Arabia and the bank as well as development issues in the world.

Present at the talks were Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al-Quraishi, governor of Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency (SAMA); Dr. Saleh Al-Umair, undersecretary for budget and reorganization; Dr. Yusuf Nematallah, Kingdom's permanent representative at the World Bank and Dr. Muhammad Al-Quwaiz, assistant undersecretary.

Besides giving loans for economic projects in developing countries, the bank offers technical services to some countries. It has a permanent bureau here that is responsible for organizing the technical cooperation process extended by the bank to the Kingdom, including studies on manpower for the Planning Ministry, pursuing some of the Industry and Electricity Ministry's petrochemical ventures, and carrying out of technical studies for the Agriculture and Water Ministry and the

Communications Ministry. These studies are carried out according to a cooperation agreement between the bank and the Finance Ministry.

Clausen was later received by Planning Minister Sheikh Hisham Nazer. They discussed matters of cooperation between the bank and the Kingdom, particularly the technical assistance given by the bank to the Kingdom.

The World Bank chief was entertained to a luncheon party hosted by Aba Al-Khalil at the Furusiya Club. A number of ministry officials were present.

Clausen arrived here Saturday on a visit to the Kingdom lasting several days. He took over the high office of the World Bank five months ago.

Clausen said in Abu Dhabi Friday that he has won the promise of more money for the bank from Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates. In Kuwait, he said, it was agreed that the bank would issue a \$105 million bond with a 10-year maturity. He added that the bank hoped to borrow more from Kuwait in both dinars and other currencies.

**Taher commends unified oil prices**

RIYADH, Nov. 1 (SPA) — Petromin Governor Dr. Abdul Hadi Taher said here Sunday that the recent decision of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) to unify oil prices was the most important achievement for reinforcing the continuity and stability of the organization.

In an interview with *Oktar*, Taher said the Kingdom played a leading role in the OPEC's Geneva meeting and exercised a key influence on the members states for the endorsement of Saudi Arabia's viewpoint which will

have an effective impact on the stability of the oil market and controlling oil prices until the end of this year.

"These steps will have their positive and significant impact on the world economy," Taher said. Dealing with the Kingdom's decision to reduce the oil production and the move's effect on international market, Taher said with the announcement cut the Kingdom's oil production ceiling will be 8.5 million barrels per day.

**British envoy explains visit by Carrington**

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Nov. 1 — The upcoming visit Tuesday night by Lord Carrington, Britain's foreign minister and current chairman of the European Economic Commission, will provide an opportunity for a more thorough exploration of both countries' attitudes, British Ambassador to the Kingdom Sir James Craig said Sunday.

"There has not been an opportunity for both sides to explore the precise meaning of Crown Prince Fahd's peace initiative. We welcome those points of the eight-point plan and hope Saudi Arabia can gather other Arab countries around them," the ambassador told *Arab News*.

Sir James said that Britain officially has welcomed Prince Fahd's initiative, and the eight-point peace plan and the EEC's Venice Declaration are compatible and provide scope for coordination. Lord Carrington is scheduled to meet with the Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal and Defense Minister Prince Sultan. He added that Lord Carrington might meet with Prince Abdullah, since he is second deputy premier and since both countries have a close relationship as a result of Britain's participation in National Guard projects.

Regarding Middle East peace efforts, Sir James said Europe as a whole recognizes the achievements of the Camp David accords — some of the Sinai has been returned, and the remainder is scheduled to be returned in April. However, he added that Camp David has not made progress on some issues essential to the problem. "Therefore the time is coming when Camp David has run its course. It would be nice if the Europeans and Prince Fahd's initiative could continue the process together," Sir James said.

The British ambassador said that the whole crux of the EEC position is that there will have to be negotiations to solve the Middle East problem.

**New terms set for foreign firms**

BAHRAIN, Nov. 1 (R) — Foreign companies seeking government contracts in Saudi Arabia now have to fulfil three fresh conditions, Commerce Ministry Undersecretary Abdul Rahman Al-Zamel said Sunday.

Speaking by telephone from Riyadh, he said no companies would be invited to take part in government contracts until they had supplied full reports on their financial standing and credibility from banks in their home countries recognized by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency.

Companies must also provide Saudi Arabian authorities with financial statements for the two years previous to their invitation to bid for contracts, Zamel said.

Thirdly, they must submit reports on jobs they have done and the experience they have acquired elsewhere on projects similar to those to be carried out in the country.

Zamel said the aim of the measures, implemented last week, was not only to protect national interests but also to protect the companies themselves.

**Jazaeri to attend Jordan meeting**

AMMAN, Nov. 1 (SPA) — Health Minister Dr. Hussein Al-Jazaeri arrived here Sunday to attend the third meeting of the Supreme Commission for the Arab Medical Specializations Council, which will open here Monday.

Jazaeri said upon arrival that the two-day session will discuss steps for providing a training program in medical specialization. A new secretary general will be elected during the session, the minister added.

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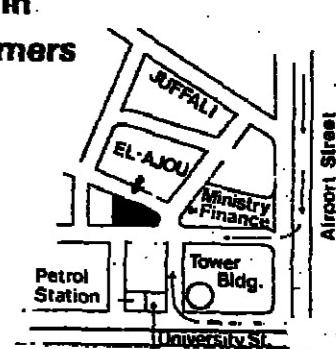
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**At \$1 billion**

# City cleaning award provides for data

By Alan Kenney

JEDDAH, Nov. 1 — The five-year, \$1 billion contract for cleaning the city has provisions that require the management company, Arabian Cleaning Management (ACM), to compile statistics arising from its various areas of operations.

According to Deputy Mayor Barakat Bajnaid, the provision requires the company to compile the statistics in regard to how many buildings are under construction, if completed buildings are vacant or are in use, measuring linear distances of roads being cleaned, and population distribution figures. The municipality will then use the statistics accurately to project the needs of the city in terms of services, he added.

"The unique thing is we have used the strategy of having such a company on the street in order to optimize all its services and obtain information," Bajnaid told *Arab News*. Not only does the contract call for maintenance and providing data on asphalted and non-asphalted roads, but the population, building and construction survey will provide the municipality with an up-to-date picture of the city and its needs, he added.

In the contract there also is a provision for the training of Saudi Arabian staff and public education in sanitation principles. "Any company doing the clean-up work should be highly technical and a reliable source for information," he said. The municipal official said the company won't even be paid for work that has been done until it provides the data for roads and buildings that it has done work



Barakat Bajnaid

on. The contract was fashioned so that the municipality could take the opportunity to acquire building planning and control information as part of its function, Bajakat added.

In addition to the management company, the municipality has a consultant working with the group as well as a municipality engineer overseeing all the work to ensure the municipality's objectives are being reached. The contract was signed three months ago, but called for a six-month period in which the management firm would study the city's problems and consider solutions. The company has been undertaking its study period for one month, the deputy mayor said.

"This period is very important because we

want the company to get acquainted with local problems and the nature of the problems. If we gave the contract and work started the next day we would suffer," Bajnaid said.

According to the official, 1,200 tons of trash accumulates in Jeddah daily. Under the cleaning management company's direction, one fourth of the refuse will be taken away and burned by incinerators. The rest will be sent to areas in north and south Jeddah open land reclamation. The city has one incinerator now and two others are nearing completion. In a year, compactors also will be available in case an incinerator breaks down. "There will be no more public burning of trash for health reasons," Bajnaid said.

In addition, the contract calls for containers to be distributed around the city in residential areas and where buildings are under construction. Automated trash collection trucks will have a punctual collection schedule. In addition to residential refuse, trucks will pick up trash from small shops. Bajakat said.

The contract also provides for ACM to maintain roads and sidewalks as well as cleaning them. "If the road is not maintained, no matter how clean it is, it will look dirty," the official said. Additional responsibilities for the cleaning company include removing water from septic tanks; pest control efforts against insects, rats and stray dogs; maintenance and cleaning of public toilets and cleaning public markets.

According to Bajnaid: "The contract covers all services: it takes care of schools, hospitals and hotels. It covers the headaches of municipality and the headaches of the people living here too."

## BRIEFS

RIYADH (SPA) — Sheikh Ahmad Zaki Yamani, the minister of petroleum and mineral resources, returned from Geneva Saturday evening after attending the extraordinary conference of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC).

JEDDAH (SPA) — President Ahmad Abdulla of the Comoro Islands made a short stopover at Jeddah's King Abdul Aziz International Airport Sunday on his way to Paris.

JIZAN (SPA) — The 500-bed new hospital here started operating Sunday equipped with the latest devices in medical technology according to Dr. Abdul Rahim Al-Aqil director general of health affairs in the Southern Region. He said that the hospital has some of the best equipment and preparations and a group of Danish doctors. It also will have 600 housing units of which 34 have already been delivered. The city will have eight clinics in various country parts, he said.

MAKKAH (SPA) — A seminar was held at Ummal-Qura University Sunday evening on the Afghan problem. The seminar, held under the auspices of Dr. Rasheed Al-Rajeh, the dean of the university, was attended by

Afghan Mujahideen leaders. A film was shown on the life of the Mujahideen.

JEDDAH, Nov. 1 (SPA) — The number of students of King Abdul Aziz University has risen to 12,000, according to the Rector Dr. Abdullah Nassif Sunday. Nassif, addressing an assembly said that the student housing scheme will be completed next year. He said he was continuing his efforts to provide the best possible members for the teaching faculties.

JEDDAH, Nov. 1 (SPA) — Saudia General Manager Captain Ahmad Mattar returned here Sunday from Cannes where he represented the airline at the meetings of the International Air Transport Association. The conference dealt with the financial problems faced by many airlines.

AHSA (SPA) — The annual plastic arts exhibition for artists of Ahsa province will open here, Nov. 14, under the auspices of the regional office of the Presidency of Youth Welfare. Artists from the various clubs and societies will display their carving, ornamental works, oil painting, sculpture, clay and other works portraying the local environment.

## Yamani denies pilgrims charged \$200 here

RIYADH, Nov. 1 (SPA) — Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdu Yamani denied Sunday press reports alleging that the Kingdom charged every pilgrim \$200.

He said the Saudi Arabian government does not levy any taxes on pilgrims whatsoever, and all Islamic countries can prove that. "In fact, the government willingly spends hundreds of millions of riyals for services that contribute that facilitate the performance of the pilgrimage," Yamani said.

He added that King Khaled and Crown Prince Fahd personally supervise the arrangements and services.

## Prince Salman to open Washem water project

building similar water projects in several parts of the Kingdom. The project which covers Washem area completely, is fed by five wells, 630 meters deep. Each well produces 600 gallons of water per minute, he added.

The project is part of the ministry's plan to secure fresh water for all villages and towns in the country.

During the past few years, the Agriculture and Water Ministry's detailed studies identified nine deep aquifers of which two are located in the Central Region.

He said the ministry had already begun



## Hyatt president arrives

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Nov. 1 — The President of Hyatt International Hotels Colgate Holmes arrived here Sunday as part of an inspection tour of the Gulf and Middle East. He will hold a series of meetings with Hyatt hotel managers in the Kingdom located in Jeddah, Ryad, Jizan and Yanbu.

The tour will take Holmes to Kuwait, the United Arab Emirates and Egypt. He is accompanied by Brian Deeson, vice president marketing, and Mike Spamer, director of international sales.

"By 1991, Hyatt International will be regarded as the leader among the world's major hotel companies," Holmes said explaining future plans for his company. "We will have successfully completed a program of selective development, thereby positioning Hyatt hotels in strategic city and resort locations around the world," he added.

Holmes joined the Hyatt International in 1970 as executive vice president and was named president in June, 1981.



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**saudi-business**

# Read this week in **SAUDI BUSINESS**

SATURDAY  
KINGDOM THIRST FOR WATER

**SAUDIBUILD '81:**  
For the first time in Riyadh, an exhibition of construction equipment was held. More than 400 foreign and local companies took part, displaying the best of their products. *Javid Hassan* went round the stalls and filed a report.

**SUPPORTING AGRICULTURE:**  
The agricultural sector, like industries, has been getting a lot of encouragement in the Kingdom. Besides providing interest-free loans, the government also gives a number of incentives to farmers. *Habib Rahaman* describes the role of the agricultural bank in this sector.

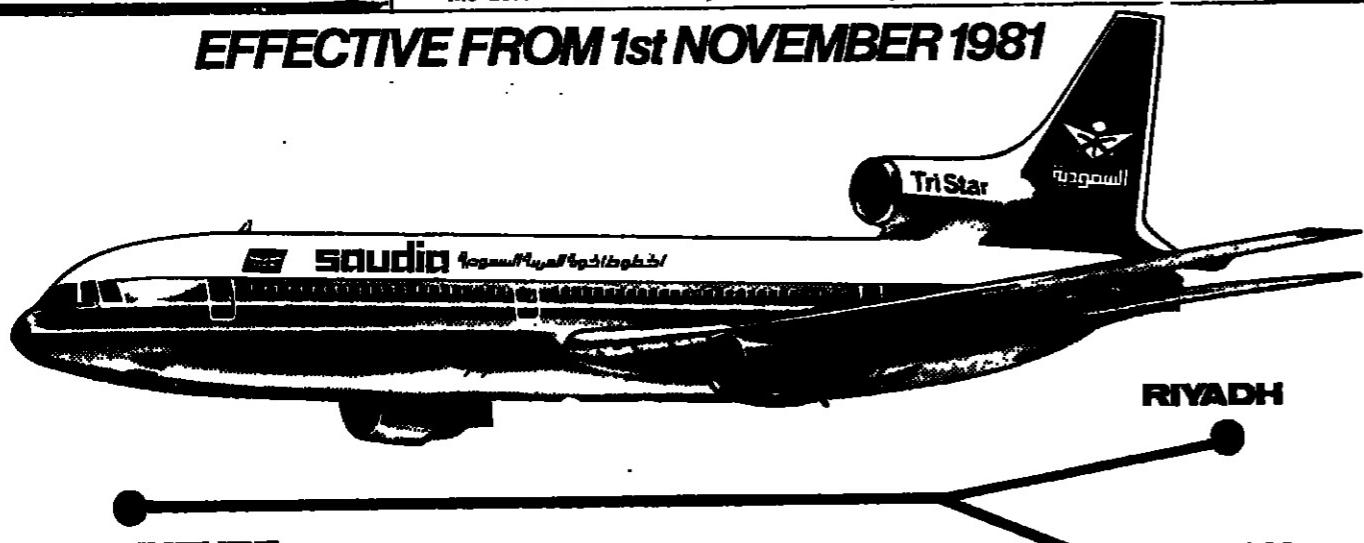
**COVER:**  
Water, some years ago in Saudi Arabia, was a scarce commodity; but not now. The government is using the best technological methods to make available plenty of water to the people. *Ahmad Kamal Khurshid* documents in detail its achievement and efforts in this field.

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# Afghanistan claims army in 'full control'

KABUL, Nov. 1 (AFP) — Afghanistan's armed forces are in "complete control" of a country that "overwhelmingly" supports its government and party, according to Afghan Foreign Minister Shah Muhammad Dost. In an interview here with Agence France-Presse, the minister claimed that armed opposition was reduced to sporadic acts fomented from abroad. On the "so-called Afghan issue", Dost said the central issue in any negotiation with third countries was that they stop abetting a Pakistani-based rebel leadership. Only then a timetable can be worked out for a Soviet departure from Afghanistan, he added.

His declarations contradicted Western diplomatic reports that the Kabul government is in effective control of only a modest portion of a country where it enjoys only a limited support. The minister alleged that the rebellion "has ceased to be in position to harm government and country. All that the counter-revolutionary groups are capable of are isolated acts of terrorism."

He said this did not worry the government, as it was capable of "mopping up such elements and restoring a totally normal situation in the country."

The minister declared that Muslim resistance was "a phenomenon created 100 percent through the interference of the United States, Britain, China and Pakistan, who arm and train fighters in Pakistani territory."

It was for that reason, Dost claimed that "the problem of a national reconciliation

does arise — there is no confrontation within the population, only with the rebels from the outside."

The minister claimed that the Communist regime was stronger than it had ever been since "the second phase of the revolution", in December, 1979, when Babrak Karmal took office following the Soviet intervention. Dost said the armed forces had completed operations against "mercenaries from abroad and captured arms stocks in various parts of the country", adding, "they have now total control of the situation in all of the country with, of course, the assistance of other security forces, the police and party organizations."

"Politically," the minister claimed, "the government and party enjoy the complete support of the overwhelming majority of the people, now that Afghans have realized that its new leadership and government are really serving the people's interest."

Turning to diplomatic problems, Dost, who flies to New York on Nov. 15 to attend a U.N. General Assembly debate on Afghanistan, criticized neighboring Pakistan's role in the search for a political solution.

Dost said he did not understand Pakistan's accusations that Afghan planes were violating Pakistani airspace. He said that at each accusation Afghan military authorities had assured the government no violation had occurred. "Pakistani allegations of incursions by Afghan planes and attacks in border posts are groundless". Dost charged



Shah Muhammad Dost

## Ali Nasser visits Kuwait for talks

KUWAIT, Nov. 1 (R) — South Yemeni President Ali Nasser Muhammad arrived here Sunday for talks with Kuwaiti leaders on regional security, Middle East developments and bilateral relations, according to officials.

President Nasser Muhammad was expected to explain his country's view on the friendship and cooperation treaty it signed with Ethiopia and Libya in August, the Kuwait News Agency said.

Kuwait and its five partners in the recently formed Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) have voiced concern over the pro-Soviet accord as they seek to keep the region free from big power rivalry.

Kuwait has aided development projects in South Yemen and last year helped reconcile South and North Yemen after a brief border war between them.

## As Awami League draws crowds

# Abdus Sattar confident of winning elections

DACCA, Nov. 1 (AFP) — Acting President Justice Abdus Sattar, 76, seems certain of victory in the Nov. 15 presidential election in which Bangladeshi will choose a successor to President Ziaur Rahman, who was assassinated on May 30.

But some members of his ruling Bangladesh National Party (BNP) appear concerned over reports that the opposition Awami League headed by Hasina Wajed, 33, one of two surviving daughters of President Mujibur Rahman — himself overthrown and assassinated in August 1975 — is drawing big crowds even in rural areas.

The BNP has strong support among rural people who constitute about 80 percent of the 39 million voters, though BNP leaders attribute the crowds to curiosity over Mujib's daughter, the Awami League's first woman leader.

Campaigning by the major parties has meanwhile warmed up, with the prospect of a virtual straight fight between the acting president and his Awami League opponent, former Foreign Minister Kamal Hossain, 45, though officially there are 39 candidates.

The ruling BNP, set up three years ago by Zia, has whipped up its electioneering, and ministers and party leaders plan to tour the countryside extensively. Their message is that if retained in power they would continue the dynamic policies of Zia, who was gunned down in an abortive coup at Chittagong, and fulfill his dream of a self-reliant and economically viable nation.

Both the Awami League and the BNP are trying to capitalize on the images of their assassinated leaders, while at the same time accusing each other of misrule, corruption and incompetence and warning that any

attempt to rig the poll would be resisted.

Sattar, his ministers and party workers are

warning that if elected the Awami League

would restore one-party Baksal rule. But

the League, although wracked with division

over whether to follow Baksal or discard it,

has pledged to restore parliamentary and

multiparty democracy if vetoed power.

So far campaigning, which will rise to a peak in the next few days, has been peaceful with only a few sporadic incidents or clashes.

Besides the two main candidates for the job

which has already cost the lives of two presidents in Bangladesh's short history, there are

four other serious contenders.

Strongest of the outsiders is 83-year-old

Maulana Muhammadullah (popularly known

as Hafezi Huzur) who says he is contesting

the election to establish an Islamic political

and social system in Bangladesh.

The elderly imam of a Dacca mosque is

touring the countryside and drawing big

crowds. The BNP, which reportedly attempted to persuade him to withdraw, fears that

he might win a large number of votes which otherwise would have gone in favor of Abdus

Sattar.

The Awami League appears to be con-

cerned at serious campaigning by three

opposition candidates — retired Gen.

M.A.G. Osmany who ran as a combined

opposition candidate against Ziaur Rahman

in 1978, retired Maj. M.A. Jali who has been

sponsored by a three-party alliance and Pro-

fessor Muzaffar Ahmad who is supported by

the pro-Moscow Communist Party (CPB).

All three in their election meetings are

accusing the Awami League of betraying the

cause of opposition unity by fielding its own

candidate.



Justice Abdus Sattar

## Algeria celebrates independence day

ALGIERS, Nov. 1 (AFP) — Algeria Sunday celebrated the 27th anniversary of its independence, when war was declared on the French, with a marked absence of military parades or festivities.

The authorities this year decided that the anniversary of the event, which heralded a ten-year fight for independence, should be on the theme of Algeria's written history, "without taking sides or covering up."

The pro-government newspaper *El Moudjahid* Sunday reported the holding on the eve of the anniversary of a four-day history seminar attended by former leaders of the National Liberation Movement, the FLN. President Chadli Bendjedid, opening the seminar, called on all who had taken part in the liberation struggle to contribute to "the objective writing of the history of this revolution."

## In four days

# 21 persons executed in Iran

TEHRAN, Nov. 1 (AFP) — Another 21 Iranians, including four women, went before firing squads in the past four days, the *Islamic Republic* said, without saying to what organizations they belonged.

Three men and women were also executed at Quchan, Khorasan province, in the east, while at Karaj near the capital a "hypocrite" was executed for murdering a revolutionary guard and carrying a weapon.

The executions were carried out last Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. Saturday, the newspaper reported seven executions in the same period. It also said two Mujahideen were killed in a shootout with revolutionary guards at Karaj, without giving a date.

In Isfahan, in the center of the country, seven men and three women were executed.

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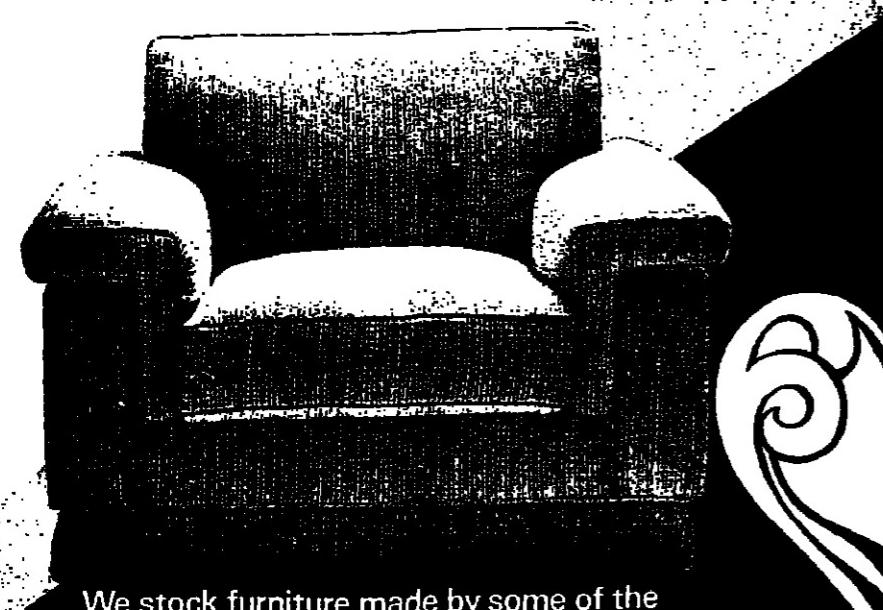
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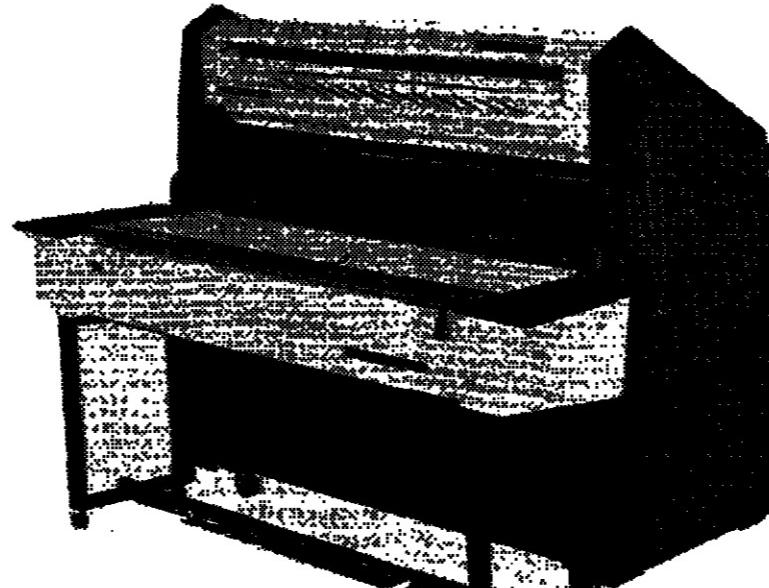
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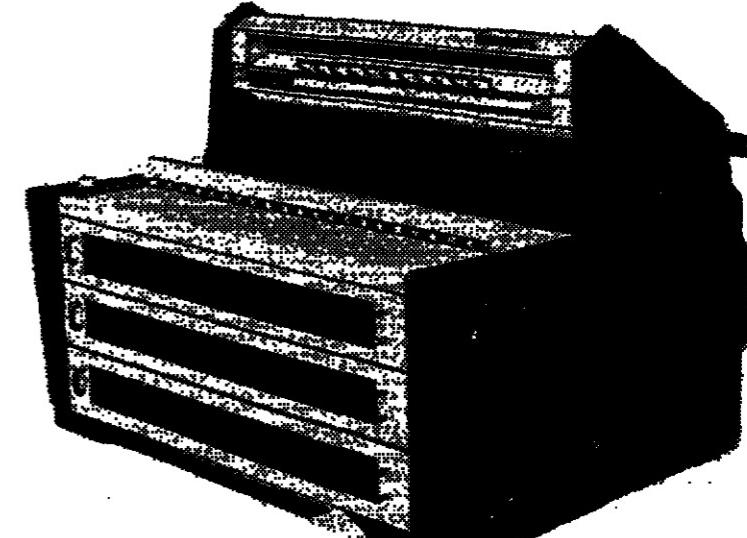
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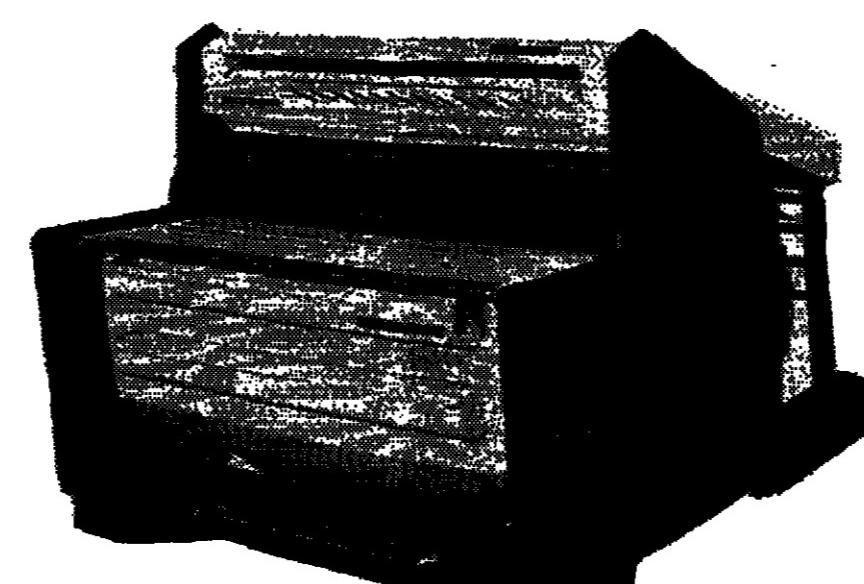
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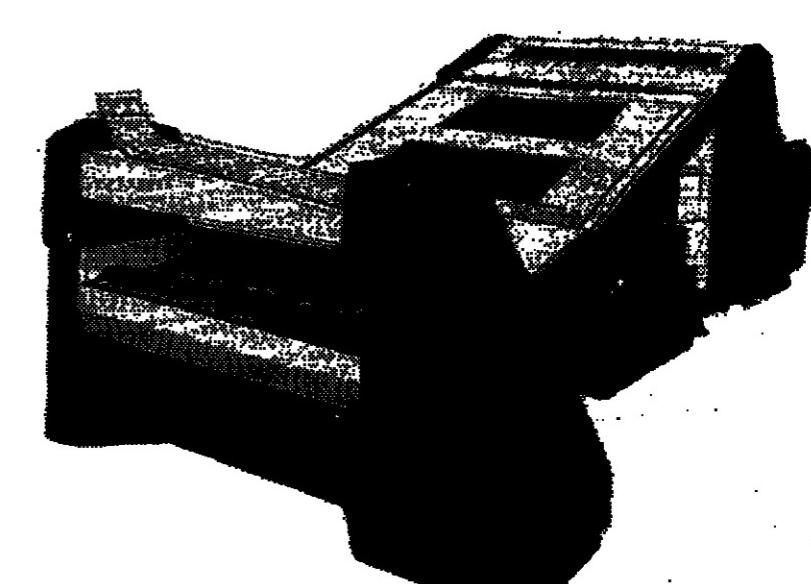
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# Arafat, Findley see new Israeli strikes

BEIRUT, Nov. 1 (Agencies) — Yasser Arafat, head of the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO), says that new Israeli strikes into Lebanon are expected in the near future. Israel has massed four army divisions south of the Lebanese border, he told delegates from the Budapest-based International Union of Transport Trade Unions Saturday at his headquarters in Beirut. Arafat said the expected Israeli attacks were seen as retaliation for what he described as "the diplomatic and political victories of the Palestine people in recent months."

He said recent statements by President Reagan indicated a new strategic alliance had been forged with Israel as a full partner, for what he called "American aggression in the Middle East and American global policy."

Arafat said his recent tour of the Far East and the Soviet Union had considerably enhanced the international status of the PLO which was gaining increasing recognition all over the world. "Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev's declaration of support and full diplomatic ambassadorial status according to the Palestine revolution was not just a formal move but an act of great political significance," Arafat said.

In the meantime, U.S. Congress Paul Findley was quoted Sunday as saying that Israeli military action against opponents of the Camp David peace process, including Palestinians in southern Lebanon, was a possible after-effect of the U.S. Senate vote permitting the AWACS sale to Saudi Arabia.

Findley, a long-time advocate of a U.S. dialogue with the PLO, added this would be a

dreadful development, the Beirut weekly magazine *Monday Morning* said. But, the Illinois Republican was reported to have said in an interview, "one has to recognize the capacity of (Israeli) Prime Minister Begin for dreadful mistakes."

Findley, a member of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, also said: "His (Begin's) strike against Iraq was a dreadful mistake and so was his strike against the civilian population in Beirut. He has that capacity within him."

But Begin was also "full of surprises and it may well be that he has learned something from the experience of the last six months and will turn away from such military excesses," Findley said.

Findley said he hoped Washington would not try to appease Israel for last week's vote on the five AWACS planes by sending the Israelis more arms. Israel already had the most powerful army in the Middle East, he said.

What was required, he added, was not more weapons in the region but more justice, "more fairness to all parties, including the Palestinians."

Findley's mention of "mistakes" by Begin referred to Israel's air raid on an Iraqi nuclear reactor on June 7, which Israel said was to prevent the making of nuclear weapons for use against the Zionist state, and to the Israeli air raid on July 17 on Beirut in which 300 people, mostly civilians, were said to have died. The Israelis said the latter raid was aimed at the headquarters of Palestinian organizations.

## Armed presence banned in W. Beirut

BEIRUT, Nov. 1 (AP) — A joint resolution of the Palestine Liberation Organization and the Lebanese National Movement is banning the presence of armed militiamen in the streets of west Beirut as of Nov. 2.

Wafa, the Palestinian new agency reported Saturday that the presence of uniformed armed militias will not be allowed in the west Beirut streets after Nov. 2. The decision was part of a resolution issued at the end of a joint meeting held in Beirut, between the PLO and

## Habib to visit Lebanon this month

BEIRUT, Nov. 1 (AFP) — U.S. President Ronald Reagan's special Mideast envoy, Philip Habib, will visit Lebanon during the second half of November, informed Lebanese sources said here Sunday.

The approximate date, these sources said, was given to Lebanese officials by Morris Draper, assistant U.S. Secretary of state for

## NF to dominate Tunisia parliament

TUNIS, Nov. 1 (R) — Tunisians voted Sunday in their first multiparty general election since independence, but opposition parties were generally expected to win no more than a symbolic handful of seats. Tunisia's ruling National Front, composed of the Socialist Destour Party and the UGTT Trade Union Federation, was considered certain to dominate the new chamber of deputies.

The move to democratize Tunisian politics was announced last April by President Habib Bourguiba at a congress of the Socialist Des-

tour Party, which has been in office since independence in 1956.

The Habib visit, the same sources added, appeared to be timed to precede the Arab summit of Fez, Morocco, convened with a view to stabilizing the Lebanese ceasefire of last July, which he helped negotiate.

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The resolution's measures are aimed at bringing a degree of normalcy to everyday life in the western sector of the Lebanese capital. It also calls for the moving of all military camps to locations outside the city.

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# Hong Kong residents ignore government clean-up campaign

By Graham Lewis

**HONG KONG (R)** — The Government has launched a multimillion-dollar campaign aimed at cleaning up Hong Kong. Targets are the thousands of tons of garbage casually dropped or deliberately dumped on streets and into the harbor and the 2,000 or so people summoned every month for litter offenses.

Some of Hong Kong's mess can be blamed on the dust and dirt from construction sites that are just about everywhere in the colony. From bits and pieces that fall off the backs of trucks off to the debris that inevitably accompanies building projects.

But much more accumulates from street hawkers and shopkeepers who illegally deposit their baskets of rubish at the most convenient spot, which is not usually an authorized dump.

And there are those who take the shortcut to garbage disposal in high-rise apartment blocks by simply chucking it out the window down or down the stairwell.

The government has set aside \$1 million for the 14-month campaign plus \$1 million for local administrations to buy and install new equipment.

To back up its campaign slogan — "cleanliness is a way of life" — the government will increase penalties of littering to \$100, several hundred extra staff, extend the authority of those who can issue summonses, and consider trying to educate Hong Kong's five million people into being tidier.

## \$140 million treasure nets investors little

By Gordon Gamm

**MISSION VIEJO, Calif. (LAT)** — On Sept. 6, 1622, a great hurricane scattered a treasure fleet that was sailing from Havana to its home port in Spain. Five of the galleons, their crews and their cargo of gold and silver went down near Key West, Fla.

One of the five was the flag ship, *Nuestra Señora de Atocha*. According to old legends, artifacts found in Spain, she was carrying precious metals valued today at \$1 billion.

Some of those 17th-century coins, along with a coral-encrusted rapier and other artifacts, are now in the possession of Michael Gamm and his wife.

"We are shareholders in the salvage operation that discovered the wreck in the 60s," Gamm said. "This is part of our return, and there could be more."

Gamm, a retired Air Force major, who teaches ROTC at Laguna Hills, Calif., high

## Art exhibition near Yanbu is Nov. 5, 6

**YANBU** — All types of painting, photography, textiles and even handwoven silk flowers will be shown here during the Nov. 5 and 6 first Beaux Arts exhibition. Nearly 40 artists will present the styles of several nationalities during the exhibition at Al-Sayah Yanbu al-Sinaiyah, the site of one of the largest construction projects in the world.

Cultural growth of this community has been emphasized from its inception, and the arts receive strong notice. The people who have laid the infrastructure for the future of this city of a projected 250,000 population have also, in their spare time, woven the initial threads of a cultural enrichment movement. The performing arts have already gained a secure foothold in the community.

The exhibition will offer the public an opportunity for artists to show their work. Entry fees are expected.

Hours for the general public will be Nov. 5, 8-11 p.m.; Nov. 6, 2-4 p.m. and 7-9 p.m.

"We want the community to be ashamed to litter," said campaign coordinator Martin Lewis.

He said about 16,000 government officials would be involved in the campaign. He also said that while the maximum fine for tossing litter in the street was \$165 the average imposed in court was \$3 and cost of prosecution \$25.

Hong Kong's garbage problem is probably no worse than many other Asian cities. But the concentration of people in such a small area — with 4,850 people per square km it is one of the most densely populated places in the world — makes it more noticeable.

Residents who call on radio "phone-in" program frequently complain about the problem of "litter" — the Cantonese for rubbish — around their homes and in the streets.

They complain also of the refuse of all descriptions that is washed up on the beaches. Many people avoid swimming from the beaches around Hong Kong island and across the harbor in the new territories, even at the hottest times of year.

They prefer not to risk the chance of encountering, at best, floating paper bags, plastic objects and food and at worst raw sewage.

Other complaints include objects thrown from windows: Empty cans, bags of garbage, furniture, television sets, gas cylinders and even a dog that landed on a policeman — though officials say that the dog probably fell rather than was pushed.

To back up its campaign slogan — "cleanliness is a way of life" — the government will increase penalties of littering to \$100, several hundred extra staff, extend the authority of those who can issue summonses, and try to educate Hong Kong's five million people into being tidier.

The government sponsors anti-litter films on television such as the presentation of a man who throws a bottle from his balcony only to see it kill his daughter on the street below.

Others, less morbid, show public-spirited people clearing up the beach or park site after a picnic.

But judging from the garbage still choking Hong Kong streets and reactions from government and public the message is not get across.

Many callers cite the example of Singapore as a place of comparable size that managed within a short time to tide itself up and can now boast an image of being Asia's cleanest country.

However, many doubt that Hong Kong's colonial administration will be able to apply Singapore's strong-arm technique, which included a dose of public embarrassment for an offender, swift direct action by police on litter bugs and very heavy fines.

They comment that appeals to public conscience, even coupled with heavier fines, might not be enough to achieve the level of cleanliness that authorities say they want.

Today, the RSPCA has 47,000 members, an annual income of 12.7 million, Queen Elizabeth II as official patron and an internal war on its hands. They're still humane to animals down at the RSPCA, but when it comes to each other... well, that's another matter.

## Diana's stag splits humane group

By Michael West

**LONDON (AP)** — Allegations that Princess Diana shot a stag have created a new round of in-fighting in the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (RSPCA) that makes British blood sports seem almost cozy by comparison.

Warring between "traditionalists" and "radicals" in animal-loving Britain's biggest, wealthiest and most prestigious animal welfare organization reached such a pitch last week that the *Daily Express* demanded: "Which is the bloodier — a Balmoral stag hunt or an executive council meeting of the RSPCA?"

The society was founded in London 157 years ago to promote humane treatment of animals in an age of widespread brutality and provide free veterinary treatment. Its founder was Irish landowner Richard Martin, whose legendary kindness to animals earned him the nickname "Humanity" Martin.

Today, the RSPCA has 47,000 members, an annual income of 12.7 million, Queen Elizabeth II as official patron and an internal war on its hands. They're still humane to animals down at the RSPCA, but when it comes to each other... well, that's another matter.

The "bitter battle," as the *London Times* called it, has raged for at least five years. RSPCA meetings often end in uproar. Latest rows are over the firing of one of the society's governing council and a vote of no confidence in RSPCA President Richard Adams, whose novel "Watership Down" about a family of talking rabbits became a best seller.

Richard Course, a full-time executive director of another animal group, the League Against Cruel Baiting, emerged from an angry meeting of the RSPCA council last week to tell reporters he had been thrown off it for "prejudicing" the society.

He said he was certain his criticism that Princess Diana had "joined the killing-for-fun brigade" by shooting a stag earlier last month was a major reason he was sacked. Janet Fookes, council vice chairman and member of parliament, hotly denied he was expelled for his remarks about Diana, saying he was voted out for taking a confidential document from a meeting.

Reports that 20-year-old Diana shot a stag during a hunt while honeymooning with Prince Charles on the Queen's Balmoral estate caused a sensation.

Diana, like her husband, has the royal sport of stag hunting in her ancestral genes. But animal-loving Britons, most of whom

live in towns, were deeply shocked by the press reports.

They prefer to think of her as the sweet kindergarten teacher she was before she married Charles rather than her Greek goddess namesake, Diana the huntress. They prefer to think of stags as gentle creatures rather than dead meat.

Subsequent reports that Diana attended the ritual dismembering of the animal and Buckingham Palace's refusal to confirm she shot the beast but its admission she was on the hunt did nothing to help.

Neither did a palace statement that the queen, whose ancestor Rufus the Red was killed on a stag hunt 800 years ago, had gone stag hunting and is a good shot.

The royal family already is in enough trouble with animal lovers.

Prince Philip, president of the World Wildlife Fund, and his sons Charles, Andrew and Edward shoot game birds.

One joke about Britain's upper crust has one of them saying to his wife: "What a lovely day. Let's go out and kill something."

Militant activists like Course are out to stop all that. He is backed by the RSPCA's vice president, 83-year-old Lord Houghton, who declared: "The nation is getting impatient with the activities of the aristocracy."

## A patient, quiet life prevails near Belize

By Dial Torgerson

**SAN PEDRO, Belize (LAT)** — "What do you do for spiritual sustenance?" Ambergris Key's only marine biologist asked an American visitor. That's the kind of question island people ask strangers here at San Pedro, which has 1,500 residents, 20 pickup trucks and no cars. The town, on one of the three inhabited keys, lies off the coast of Belize, the world's newest nation.

Belize itself is the 8,800 square miles of the Yucatan peninsula that Britain declared independent at 12:01 a.m. on Sept. 21. Scots pipers and a British prince helped lower the Union Jack.

That was in Belize City (population 40,000), the capital and metropolis of Belize (population 140,000). In San Pedro, 36 miles off the coast, it rained all day, and the islanders celebrated a day later.

A day later is just about right for the islanders, who have patience to match the tides and a beachcomber's notion of urgency. People whose four seasons are rainy, dry, tourist and hurricane don't get too excited by things that come to pass on a single certain date.

Island people are different from mainlanders, and some hate the buzzing little planes that deposit strangers in their midst. "In the old days," one islander said, "you came by sailboat. If the wind was wrong, it took two days to get here."

It was a quieter life, and a man could wait for fish to wander into his traps, and lie in the sand, watching the frigate birds cycle overhead and wait for the plop that means a ripe coconut has fallen from a nearby tree.

"I think independence ought to help us," said beach resort owner Ramon Nunez, whose 15 palm-thatched huts were mostly empty a day after Belize became free. "At least people ought to know now where we are."

### Lasers could replace sandblasting

By a Science Correspondent

**LONDON** — A new application for lasers may revolutionize the task of chipping limestone from cliff paintings, removing paint from buildings, and eliminating mildew from old rare books — a task that currently costs the United States \$75 billion a year.

Light, intensely focused and properly manipulated, may replace sandblasting and chemical solvents, which have come under regulation limiting their use. And with lasers, which have become more reliable and less expensive in the last few years, the cleaning job can be done for one-fifth the cost of sandblasting.

Gam is not sure what will become of the rapier.

**NEW RECORD:** Ringo Starr strikes a pose for the cover of his newest record album, "Stop and Smell the Roses," released yesterday. The new release will contain songs written for Ringo by former Beatles Paul McCartney and George Harrison.

## Current show, book reveal Yves Montand's real life

By Paul Webster

**PARIS, (O)** — Yves Montand recently returned to his original role as a music hall singer with a three-month, one-man show at the Olympia in Paris after 13 years' absence from the stage. The event was treated as a national affair, taken as a mixture of a celebration of left-wing government in France and the sixtieth birthday — on Oct. 13 of an entertainer whose complex political consciousness has become identified with the torments of the man in the street since the war.

All 175,000 seats for the three-month sea-

son were booked in advance — a measure of the adulation for a man who believes he has almost lost touch with his public.

Try as he might to insist that his decision to leave films and "go live" was made long before President Francois Mitterrand was elected in May, Montand is finding it difficult to shake off an image shaped by a proletarian background and left-wing, often anti-American intellectual causes.

By the time the last presidential election campaign began, Montand was so fed up with his political label that he neither offered encouragement to the Communist Party, which had long ago disappointed him nor admitted any affection for Mitterrand's Socialists. Even that was interpreted as a reflection of the national mood.

In a biography published this month, Montand explains that the only reason he has shunned the stage for so long is because, throwing yourself on to the stage for two hours is extremely tiring.

Called "La Chant d'un Homme" and written by Richard Cannavò and Henri Quigley, the book tends to confirm that, however passionate, Montand's long association with the Communist Party as a fellow traveler was due more to the influence of his wife, actress Simone Signoret, and his friends in show business than to any personal philosophy.

He has now put on record his disillusionment with communism, describing himself and Signoret as "dangerous idiots" during the time when their names on left-wing protest petitions were enough to sway much of French opinion.

He seems to have abandoned public association with all causes, after hitting out in the past at both left- and right-wing abuse, attacking McCarthyism, supporting the Rosenberg, speaking out on Budapest and Prague, and leading condemnations of Chile and Vietnam.

Once he had three political songs banned on French radio at the same time and his 45 films, including *Z*, have criticized the United States and regimes in Latin America, Czechoslovakia and the Colonel's Greece.

But the public at the Olympia sees only Montand the entertainer — the Italian-born, Marseilles-raised popular singer, marked by his days in assembly-line factories, his Mediterranean accent and the parorange of that other legendary slum survivor, Edith Piaf, who launched his career.

Now grey, lined, self-mocking and apparently ill at ease, Montand will again be depending on the virile charm that once attracted Marilyn Monroe and the voice that launched *Autumn Leaves*.



TEST FIRING: Mobile launchers are used to launch the Cruise missile series. In this photo the missile is being tested on a U.S. military base. More than a quarter of a million people recently demonstrated in the United Kingdom and Germany to protest the stationing of these missiles there.



CRUISE MISSILE: This terrorist missile shown here is the type which America intends to deploy in the U.K. and Germany in 1983. The photo here shows the missile on a transporter. The missile is a descendant of the World War II 'doodlebug'. The Cruise missiles have a range of 1,500 miles and can strike Soviet territory with a thermonuclear warhead.

*In interview with West Germans*

## Brezhnev warns war will be worldwide

BONN, Nov. 1 (AP) — Soviet President Leonid I. Brezhnev was quoted Saturday as saying that if nuclear war broke out, it would inevitably have "a worldwide character."

In remarks apparently directed at recent statements of limited nuclear war made by U.S. President Ronald Reagan, Brezhnev told West Germany's *Der Spiegel* magazine that "even though there are some who hope that a nuclear war could be contained on European territory... a limited nuclear war is not possible."

Any nuclear war, in Europe or elsewhere, "would inevitably and inescapably take on a worldwide character," the Communist Party leader was quoted as saying.

The interview, which was to appear in Monday's issue of the magazine, is Brezhnev's first with Western journalists since 1979. *Der Spiegel* released the text to other news agencies Saturday. Reagan inflamed the debate on bringing new NATO nuclear weapons to Western Europe with his Oct. 16 statement widely interpreted as meaning a nuclear war could be limited to Europe.

In the *Der Spiegel* interview, Brezhnev said the Soviet Union looked forward to "constructive and sincere" arms negotiations with the United States in Geneva and sought "good, friendly ties" with America.

The interview was published three weeks before the Soviet leader is slated to meet Chancellor Helmut Schmidt in Bonn on Nov. 22-23 and underscored Soviet interest in the talks with the West Germans. The disarmament talks and nuclear weaponry in Europe is expected to be one of the top themes under discussion.

Although his government has backed the project, Schmidt is facing blossoming opposition to NATO plans to deploy 572 new medium-range nuclear missiles in Western Europe by 1983 as a balance to the Soviet SS-20 missiles and backfire bomber.

In the interview, Brezhnev warned Western Europeans against remaining impulsive to the threat of nuclear weapons on their territory. "A few neutron weapon depots (would be enough) to destroy all life in a city, say the size of Hamburg," Brezhnev was quoted as saying. "Therefore, these weapons must not be deployed."

The Reagan administration has decided to produce the neutron weapon, which kills by massive radiation while causing less damage than other nuclear weapons. The weapon is designed to combat the overwhelming superiority of Soviet tanks on the European battlefield, but NATO has not yet introduced it into the alliance arsenal in Europe.

Brezhnev accused officials in NATO capitals of appearing to make the Soviet Union responsible for "rolling the dark clouds" of tension over the world.

In reality, the Soviet Union threatens to one since its military doctrine is of a defensive nature, the Soviet leader said. His nation

rejects the idea of "preventive war" and the "first-strike concept" of nuclear attack. Its highest goal remains preventing nuclear war, Brezhnev said.

In reference to the NATO missile plans, Brezhnev said the United States government "is not speaking of a curb or a banning of weapons" but speaks instead "of the development of new and ever more refined methods of the mass destruction weaponry."

Brezhnev said all reasons published by U.S. officials backing the new NATO Pershing 11 and Cruise missiles "are wrong from A to Z." Contrary to U.S. statements, NATO does not need the weapons to make up for a Soviet superiority in middle-range missiles nor does the Soviet Union balk at talks about these weapons, Brezhnev said.

The Soviet leader said NATO and the Soviet Union were close to "parity" in medium-range weapons. He said the NATO countries had 986 such delivery systems and that the Soviet Union had not more than 975 similar weapons.

The Soviet leader said it would be clear to all if the United States made "absurd" demands in the upcoming arms talks, with the goal in mind that the talks would break down and the NATO allies could go ahead with the deployment of the new medium-range missiles. Brezhnev said the Soviet Union did not seek military superiority, but that Soviet people would do "all that was necessary" to work for the defense of their land.

"Western Europe is being drawn into an

aggressive nuclear doctrine of the United States, and at a colossally dangerous price," Brezhnev said. Brezhnev said he did not reject the idea of nuclear free zones in Northern Europe and repeated the offer not to direct nuclear missiles at nations which did not station nuclear weapons. When asked about Western rumors of the possibility of Soviet action against Poland because of labor unrest there, Brezhnev rejected it.

Many such people can't wait until the evil of a "cold", or some other type of war, "is let loose upon (the Poles)," Brezhnev said. "The Soviet Union does not do such a thing, and does not plan to do such a thing. Poland is a friend to us, a good neighbor and alliance partner."

## N-war ends civilization, doctors say

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 1 (AP) — Governments talk increasingly of the "survivability" of nuclear war. But disarmament advocates say that what would survive would be a pain-wracked nation stripped of modern civilization — a return to the Dark Ages or worse.

"There'd be nothing left of governments — nothing left of the great social orders we are arming ourselves to protect and defend," said Thomas Halsted, director of Physicians for Social Responsibility.

Those who speculate about the world that would follow nuclear war conclude, he said in an interview, "that if you are optimistic, it's the world of the 14th century. And if you're pessimistic you picture roving bands of men and women trying to eke out an existence from one day to the next, competing with each other for what little food and water might not be contaminated."

Medical care would be almost nonexistent, said Dr. Victor W. Sidel of the Albert Einstein College of Medicine. With hospitals, doctors and medical supplies concentrated in devastated cities, he said, "the chances of people even being able to obtain morphine for pain relief as they're dying would be nearly nil."

Medicine would lose a century of prog-

ress. The wounded, with their burns, jagged wounds, broken bones and lingering radiation sickness, would mostly die horrible deaths.

"There is a very good chance," he said, "that the survivors will envy the dead." The physicians' group, along with the Council for a Livable World, sponsored a symposium Saturday called, "the medical consequences of nuclear weapons and nuclear war."

Today's strategic nuclear warheads — 9,000 of ours and 7,000 of theirs (mounted) on the long-range missiles and bombers that are aimed at each other's country" — mean all-out war will claim civilians in unimaginable numbers, Halsted said.

"If you're looking for population centers, there's enough weapons around the demolish almost any city with a population over 25,000," he said.

"And even if you're aiming only at military targets, you're still going to hit a sizable percentage of the population." Many military targets are surrounded by dense populations and even an attack on missile silos in the midwest would send lethal radioactive fallout drifting to the east coast and beyond

so "at a conservative estimate you might kill as many as 20 million people."

Halsted and Sidel said even a single one-megaton bomb exploded above Los Angeles' city hall at midday would kill 2 million people. The blast would light the sky with a fireball a half-mile across. The searing heat would vaporize everything directly beneath. For five to 10 miles, Sidel said, the burst of heat causes third-degree burns to anyone outdoors, "and, of course, they're blinded."

A rapidly expanding shock wave, trailed by 500 mph (800 kph) winds, would go off in all directions. Downtown would be reduced to rubble within a one-mile (1.6 km) circle. Out three miles in all directions, buildings would be gutted or destroyed. Few humans would survive.

And even out 8 1/2 miles (13.5 kms), frame houses would be cracked, windows smashed, masonry dislodged and people knocked to the ground. Wood, curtains, clothes and skin would catch fire.

Then the firestorms, great conflagrations that feed on themselves, would spread through the area, he said. The deaths from radiation — "a particularly unpleasant death" of vomiting and diarrhea — would continue for days.

## Kirkpatrick warns U.N. states of retaliation

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP) — The United States is fed up with being "humiliated" and "powerless" in the United Nations, and will answer back when attacked in future, according to Jeane Kirkpatrick, U.S. ambassador to the world body.

In an interview published in the current issue of *U.S. News and World Report*, Mrs. Kirkpatrick complained that U.S. influence at the United Nations was "trivial, despite the fact that we contribute a billion dollars a

year."

"The Soviet Union has succeeded in depicting the world as a Great class struggle — the poor many against the rich few," she said. "Since we're the richest of all, we come out as the main villain."

Mrs. Kirkpatrick said that there was no question of a U.S. withdrawal from the United Nations, but that the United States would talk back in future when it found itself being attacked by weaker countries.

Until now, she said, the U.S. administration had accepted "the political culture" at U.N. headquarters, in keeping with which "superpowers don't respond to attacks of small nations."

She said a U.N. colleague had quoted to her a Chinese proverb: A dog does not fight with a chicken. She had replied: "Suppose the dog is being attacked by 90 chickens? Then what does the dog do?"

## Rightists launch attack over Mitterrand policies

PARIS, Nov. 1 (AFP) — The five-month "honeymoon" period for Socialist President Francois Mitterrand is well and truly over, with the right opposition hammering the government daily over its vast nationalization plans.

Ever since the left landslide which brought Mitterrand to power on May 10 and the Socialist overall majority in the National Assembly on July 21, the shattered right opposition has been rather discreet.

This was noticeable during parliamentary debates which ended the death penalty and started regionalization reforms, and little action was taken over the reshuffling of senior civil servants and a "purge" of French ambassadors abroad.

But the whole atmosphere has changed with the new autumn session of the assembly, when deputies will have to discuss motions aiming at the *profound overhaul* of the state, like nationalization and increased taxation.

The immediate result has been a hardening of attitudes between the left and right, but also certain fissures between the Socialist and Communist government coalition partners. The most recent clash was over what the opposition termed "soak-the-rich" taxation measures.

The National Assembly last week approved a government motion to levy a special tax on private assets estimated at over three million francs (about \$550,000), or five million francs (about \$900,000) if this total included a productive element such as assets in a family business.

This "soak-the-rich" tax, which already exists in a dozen different forms in Western Europe, has always been one of the French left's deepest held convictions of taking from the rich to give to the poor.

The government's own figures estimate that this measure will affect 150,000 persons, or two percent of the country's taxpayers. It

will bring in an estimated 5,000 million francs (about \$900 million) in the 1982 budget which has a total expenditure of 700,000 million francs (about \$125,000 million).

In other words, only tiny percentage of state spending but the new tax is more than anything else a symbol of socialism. But the opposition deputies and press have described the tax as dangerous because it will discourage private enterprise and investment, and ruin the liberal economy.

Ironically, this measure has brought about the first public disagreements between the Socialist and Communist parties. The Communists charge that the Socialists are being too moderate in applying this tax — in other words too few French are being hit by it — by exempting certain big property holders.

"The wealth tax has become an empty sack," a Communist deputy shouted out during the assembly debate. Budget Minister Laurent Fabius retorted that there must be unity and solidarity in the French left coalition government, which has four Communist ministers.

The debate on nationalizations sparked off a 15-day battle of words in the assembly, finally ending in a flight of French and foreign capital from Paris banks to safer havens abroad.

The budget minister announced Saturday that a charge of fraud would be made against the "Banque de Paris et Des Pays Bas" (Paribas), and 200 of its clients would be charged with the illegal transfer of capital abroad last year before the change of government.

Temperatures have risen on both sides over the "money men" who run France secretly — a left suspicion dating back to the "popular front" days of 1936 — and led Gaullist leader Jacques Chirac to bitterly attack the government for being responsible for "hatred and class warfare."

## Welsh Nationalists seek freedom

CAERMARTHEN, Wales, Nov. 1 (AP) — The Welsh Nationalist Party voted overwhelmingly Saturday to work for a Welsh socialist state independent of Britain.

The vote came at the party's annual convention on a motion to change its constitutional aim from seeking full self-government within the United Kingdom to establish an independent Welsh socialist state.

The new aim of the party which has two representatives in the British Parliament was approved by a two-thirds majority of the 485 convention delegates.

The departure at the party's 55th annual convention was pushed through by the party's radical left wing from the poor mining districts of this 8,000 square-mile principality that was visited last week by its vice president.

Wigley appealed to delegates to unite behind "practical policies that would offer a clear solution to Wales' serious social and unemployment problems."

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Part of Blunt network

## Briton admits wartime spying

LONDON, Nov. 1 (Agencies) — A former officer in British military intelligence Sunday confessed he was part of a British spy ring which passed information to the Soviet Union during World War II.

Leo Long, now a retired film company executive, told *The Sunday Times* newspaper he was part of the network run by Anthony Blunt, a former art adviser to Queen Elizabeth who stripped him of his knighthood when he was exposed two years ago.

Long said he confessed to British intelligence in 1964, at the same time as Blunt, and like him, was never prosecuted for offenses which he admits were "totally treasonable."

Long's statement is likely to outrage Britons and cause a storm in parliament, which was told last year that Blunt was the only spy given immunity from prosecution since World War II. The scandal shook the British establishment, which learned for the first time of the extent of wartime Soviet espionage in Britain carried out by the spy ring formed by Blunt, Guy Burgess, Donald Maclean and Kim Philby.

**N. Korea alleges shooting across armistice zone**

TOKYO, Nov. 1 (AP) — North Korea Sunday accused South Korean troops of firing "thousands" of machine gun bullets at North Korean positions across the central sector of the Korean Demilitarized Zone (DMZ).

The official radio Pyongyang, in a broadcast monitored here, said "the grave provocation" started at 4:35 p.m. (0735 GMT) Saturday when South Korean soldiers opened machine gun fire across the DMZ southeast of the hill of Kamsu.

The shooting continued for nearly two hours in "another premeditated and unprovoked act of aggression aimed at unleashing another Korean War," Radio Pyongyang said. It did not mention casualties, nor did it say whether the North Koreans returned fire.

The latest incident, it said, followed another violation of the Korean armistice agreement in which "U.S. imperialist and South Korean armies had their bombers fly deep into our airspace" Thursday.

The radio declared there is a limit to North Korea's self-restraint and that the North will have to take appropriate counter measures if such provocative acts from the South recur.

The four-kilometer wide DMZ runs 242 kms across the waist of the Korean peninsula.

It separates the South from North Korea under the 1953 armistice that ended the three-year Korean War. There have been frequent incidents reported along the DMZ.

Long said Sunday some members of Communist cells at Cambridge University, where all five spies were recruited in the 1930s, could be in high positions of responsibility now. But he refused to name them.

Long's confession raised afresh the specter of undiscovered spies still working within Britain's security services which has haunted the British public since the 1950s when Burgess and Maclean defected to Moscow.

Long said his wartime work was with MI-4, a section of military intelligence dealing with German troop operations throughout the world, receiving information from agents in Europe.

At the time Britain was passing selected information to the Russians gleaned from intercepted German radio traffic. But Blunt's spy ring would have given the Russians much fuller information and some idea of how far the Western allies were being with them.

Long says he is willing to testify to a security commission which, at the prime minister's request, is investigating British intelligence operations after repeated press allegations.

### In six-hour ordeal

## Japanese kills wife, seize hostages

NGASHI IZU, Japan, Nov. 1 (AP) — A man released from prison last month killed his wife with a kitchen knife, seized eight hostages and then wounded one hostage and two policemen when he was overpowered Saturday, police reported.

At one point during the six-hour ordeal, a primary school in this hot-springs resort town was closed as the knife-wielding Yasuo Yamamoto and several hostages approached the building, according to police.

They said Yamamoto, 40, stabbed his 33-year-old wife, Tokiko, in their apartment and then forced his two daughters, Keiko and Yuko, aged 11 and 9, to go to two neighboring apartments where he took three adults and three other children hostage. He emerged briefly to go toward the

tions about undiscovered spies.

"I feel deep remorse for what I have done," said Long. "I got caught up in the whole thing. I have bitterly regretted it all my life."

A reporter for independent Radio News who called at Long's home in a quiet north London suburb Saturday night, said he was told by a young man who opened the door that Long had gone away. A spokesman for Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's office at 10 Downing Street said that no statement would be issued until the allegations have been "thoroughly examined."

The newspaper claimed that Long's statement reveals that the "Soviet spy ring in Britain during the 1940s permeated government and military circles far more extensively than had ever been officially admitted" and that "other civil servants and intelligence officers, some still unnamed, spied for the Soviet Union and confessed only after promises that they would not be prosecuted."

The film company for which long worked was not identified.



**MICKEY MOUSE DENTIST:** Paedodontist Charles Dyer wears a Mickey Mouse costume as he examines the teeth of a five-year-old boy in Beaumont, Texas. For three years Dyer has donned a costume in the office during the week before Halloween.

## Cambodia warns U.N. panel on chemical inquiry

BANGKOK, Nov. 1 (AFP) — The Vietnamese-backed government in Cambodia Sunday issued a veiled threat to an eight-man United Nations team here to investigate the alleged use of toxic agents in Cambodia and Laos.

The Phnom Penh news agency SPK, monitored here, said the Heng Samrin regime would not accept responsibility for the consequences of "any activities infringing on the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Cambodia."

"Any action inside the territory of the People's Republic of Kampuchea without the authorization of its competent authorities would be considered a violation of its sovereignty," the news agency said.

The warning came only hours after the arrival Saturday night of the U.N. panel, which is to interview refugees and alleged victims of biological and chemical warfare. The team, led by Dr. Esmat A. Ezz of Egypt, an expert on toxic warfare, has not yet disclosed its intended work method. But it is not expected to enter Cambodian territory, despite an invitation from the ousted but U.N.-recognized Khmer Rouge government.

HONG KONG, (AFP) — More than 180 members of a Chinese guided-missile destroyer's 300-man crew died in an explosion in 1977, at Zhanjiang naval base at the southern tip of Guangdong province, according to the November issue of an independent Hong Kong-published monthly.

The Phnom Penh news agency said the arrival of the panel was a smirch on the record of the United Nations which, it said, would do better to spend its money on an investigation into "genocide" by the Khmer Rouge government of ex-Premier Pol Pot.

## U.S. governors' election seen as fiscal referenda

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (R) — The voters of New Jersey and Virginia choose new state governors Tuesday in elections widely seen as referenda on the conservative economic policies of Republican President Reagan.

Reagan, Vice President Bush and cabinet members have campaigned for the Republican candidate in each state. The Republican National Committee has pumped nearly \$1 million into the election campaigns, concerned that defeats would be read to mean Reagan's regime of intense fiscal austerity is growing unpopular.

"It's going to be perceived as a referendum whether it is or not," said John Stevens, executive director of the Republican Governors Association. Republican party officials predict close results in both states.

The Republicans' showing will also be taken as a sign of how the president's party, which already controls the Senate, may fare next year in its drive to win control of the House of Representatives from the Democrats.

In New Jersey, Democratic candidate James Florio sees the election as a clear vote on Reagan economics. His Republican opponent, Thomas Kean, has proposed a program of tax cuts designed, like that of the president, to stimulate production and jobs and help business.

The Democrat has said this approach, plus Republican cuts in social services, favors the wealthy and is "a threat to the well-being of the working people of New Jersey."

Reagan carried New Jersey in the 1980 presidential election despite a Democratic edge in voter registration, and this may be one reason why he is taking the election seriously enough to campaign. The outgoing governor of New Jersey is a Democrat, Brendan Byrne.

Kean's ties with the president may be a liability, but the reverse appears to be true of Republican Marshall Coleman, the state attorney-general running for Virginia governor.

Coleman's campaign against Governor Charles Robb, son-in-law of the late President Lyndon Johnson, was buoyed by an appearance by the president himself, whose personal popularity remains high although some polls show that support for his economic policies is waning.

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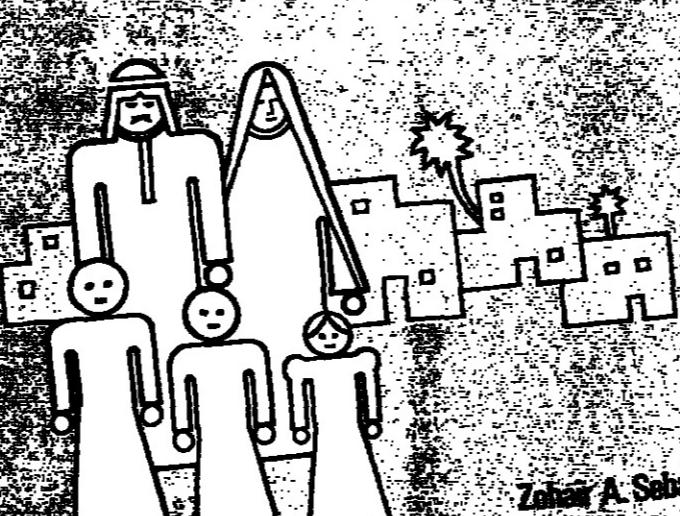
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# Mexico hikes price of Isthmus oil to \$35

MEXICO City, Nov. 1 (R) — Mexico will increase the export price of its top-grade Isthmus crude by one dollar to \$35 a barrel, Industrial Development minister Andres de Oteyza has announced.

The increase, which will come into effect from Sunday, will take the average price at which Mexico sells its 50-50 light heavy export mix to \$31.75 from the present \$31.25.

The \$28 a barrel "Maya" offshore heavy oil will remain at the same price.

## Economist sees 2% fall in U.S. interest rates

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP) — Influential Wall Street economist Henry Kaufman has said he expects short-term U.S. interest rates, including the prime lending rate at major banks, to fall by as much as two percent in the near future.

Kaufman said slower-than-expected growth of the United States' basic money supply and prospects for a continued sluggish economy in the fourth quarter of this year were likely to encourage the Federal Reserve Board to make credit more readily available, thereby reducing pressure on interest rates.

Kaufman's forecast was being printed Friday for weekend mailing to clients of the investment firm of Salomon Brothers, where he is chief economist.

Kaufman said a more accommodating monetary stance by the Federal Reserve could lead to a drop of between 1 and 2 percent in short-term interest rates in the immediate future, according to Brophy.

## W.African states discuss tie-ups

BAMAKO, Nov. 1 (AFP) — The Organization of West African Chambers of Commerce ended a two-day annual meeting here this weekend, largely devoted to the creation of joint-venture companies within the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS).

A communiqué issued here Saturday said the meeting considered the role of African governments in promoting joint concerns, the problems and prospects for joint ventures between ECOWAS nationals, and resources and opportunities for the creation of these enterprises.



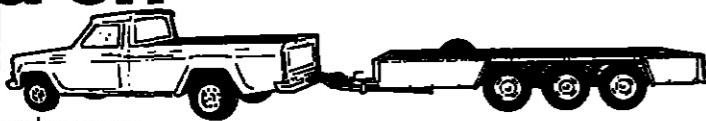
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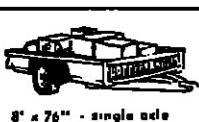
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## IATA plans to simplify fare system

CANNES, Nov. 1 (R) — Airline passengers, who like being able to buy discounted tickets for their trip, would be better off if they paid standard rates and did not have to sort through the current maze of fares, the industry believes.

Airline executives, who have been meeting here this week, think passengers will benefit if the industry's new plan of action to check staggering losses succeeds — although they recognize it will be an uphill battle to convince ticket buyers of the plan's advantages.

"Passengers will not pay less than they are paying this winter," one executive said. "But at least they will know exactly what they are paying for."

The executives could not say, following a four-day meeting of the International Air Transport Association (IATA), whether fares would rise next year.

### Weekly commodities

## Base metals suffer losses

LONDON, Nov. 1 (AFP) — Commodities were mixed this week, with sterling's firmer tendency against the U.S. dollar depressing some prices.

Base metals generally had losses triggered by currency fluctuations. Whilst copper managed to rally at the end of the week, tin, lead and zinc remained affected by the low demand prevailing at the moment.

Renewed tension in Poland, and troubles between Angola and South Africa pushed gold and silver higher initially. Later they eased when the situation in Poland became less worrying and also as a result of lower interest rates.

Rubber fluctuated in a very narrow range, gas-oil prices rose to new highs ahead of the meeting of the OPEC ministers in Geneva the week.

Cocoa, coffee and sugar moved irregularly. Cocoa was boosted by a change in the rules of the buffer stock while sugar went up on rumors of Soviet buying. Cereals were mostly easier.

Gold: Irregular. The market attracted moderate interest. Prior to Wednesday's strike in Poland there were covering operation which boosted the price by a few dollars. Reports of a new South African raid in Angola also contributed. Later, however, the price fell back only to move upwards again in front of the week end because both of the dollar weakness and the drop in interest rates in the U.S.

There were also suggestions that the rise in oil price by adding to the Soviet Union's currency earnings, would enable that country to reduce its gold sales.

Tin: Depressed. Although the market remained underpinned by buying support, prices softened, with currency considerations tending to restrain trading.

Lead: Easier. In a subdued background,

the tendency was depressed by the Canadian producers (Cominco and Noranda) cuts in their U.S. selling prices. This could lead to further reductions in the near future, according to dealers.

Nickel: Easier. Prices remained under heavy selling pressure in the earlier part of the week, with a huge volume being traded by one Tariqua house. It recovered later on report of fire damage to Canadian producer Falconbridge.

Scrap: Tighter. Prices were quoted for nickel-silver, lead, white metal and aluminium, brass and copper eased.

Gas-Oil Firm: Prices remained strong in line with the continuing firmness of the physical market. They reached new highs in good volume, reflecting the nervousness over Poland.

Cereals: Irregular. In quiet conditions, gains were initially made for both barley and wheat on the futures market, triggered by encouraging export figures for September.

The government has approved plans for setting up a soda ash project and fertilizer, sponge iron and integrated steel mills on the eastern seaboard.

Dr. Snoh said a gas separation plant would

be completed in 1984, and the National Economic and Social Development Board (NESDB), which he heads, was preparing an investment program to make full use of natural gas other than as a fuel oil substitute.

Dr. Snoh said the plant was Thailand's first major attempt to capitalize on its skilled but comparatively cheap labor force for its own export processing industries in order to capture the markets hitherto dominated by Singapore, Hong Kong and South Korea.

The latest report of NESDB said if the plan achieved all its major targets, export of industrial goods would rise from 29 percent of all export commodities in 1982 to 42 percent in 1986 when the plan period ends. At present, primary commodities such as rice, maize, tapioca and rubber form 80 percent of Thailand's total annual exports.

As agriculture is the mainstay of the Thai economy, increased agricultural production

is an integral part of the plan. It aims at five percent annual growth against three percent in the last five years. Eighty percent of Thailand's 47 million people still earn their living in the rural areas.

The plan emphasizes the need to eradicate poverty among the more than 11 million rural people earning \$30 per capita a year, compared with the national average of \$390.

The plan calls for implementation of 15 special rural development projects at an estimated cost of \$3.6 billion baht (\$1.6 billion). The projects include rice banks, small-scale water resources schemes and village schools.

The five-year plan will cost Thailand 600 billion baht (\$26 billion) of which 200 billion baht (\$8.7 billion) will have to come from loans and assistance by international financial institutions and donor countries.

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# Kuwait disfavors one GCC currency

KUWAIT, Nov. 1 (AP) — Kuwait finance and planning minister has said the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) should not explore the feasibility of abolishing the various currencies in favor of a single, unified currency for the six-member countries.

Abdel-Latif Al-Hamad told reporters a unified currency for the member countries — Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, the United Arab Emirates, Bahrain, Qatar and Oman — was unnecessary and, if established, would change nothing.

He contended that, since each member country has its own economic system and laws, a unified currency would be pointless.

"What is more important," he said, "would be the search for a unified economic framework for the GCC member countries. The GCC, launched last May at a summit conference of the six countries, was meant to be an economic, political and collective defense pact."

Al-Hamad said the GCC ministers of planning were to hold a meeting Tuesday, but had to postpone because these ministers were to join the forthcoming GCC summit conference, scheduled for Nov. 10 in Riyadh. He said another date for the ministers meeting would be fixed later.

Al-Hamad said it will be possible to raise the question of the Palestine Liberation Organization membership of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank during the world institutions meeting next year. He said that rules of the IMF and World Bank this year have "frozen" efforts to gain membership status for the PLO.

Asked to comment about the North-South Cancun summit, Al-Hamad said, "The Cancun summit has been extremely necessary for exchanging opinions between the two sides and for each side to know what the other side wants," said the American-educated Al-Hamad.

He voiced objection to the idea of setting up a new world economic order on the basis of resolution by the U.N. General Assembly.

The approach pursued by the developing countries for establishing a new world economic order at the U.N. General Assembly does not conform with the objectives of such a system," he said. "International economic relations cannot be based on resolutions by the United Nations, particularly at a time when international economic interests are overlapping and complicated." He did not elaborate on that point.

## Global pasta war erupts

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (WP) — Forget the spaghetti western. A real international pasta war is boiling over.

The National Pasta Association has filed a formal complaint with the federal government alleging that the European Common Market is illegally subsidizing Italian pasta, enabling the Italians to compete unfairly in the U.S. market.

Faced with what they see as a growing threat to their share of a billion-dollar-a-year industry, the American manufacturers are not just noodling around like a bunch of meatballs. They have engaged a Washington lawyer, Paul D. Cullen, to press their claim of illegal subsidies through the office of the U.S. Trade Representative.

In a petition filed last Friday, Cullen charged that the Common Market is violating international law not just in subsidizing Italian pasta exports, but also in its subsidies of other processed food products exported to the United States.

The trade representative's office has 45 days to review the petition and decide whether the government will pursue the complaint through international trade channels. Officials there said the Common Market does subsidize agricultural exports, but the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade prohibits subsidies of processed or "nonprimary" food products. The question is whether pasta fits that category.

If after fact-finding and conciliation proceedings the U.S. concludes that the export subsidies are illegal and the Europeans continue them, the president could impose trade sanctions on Italy. The Common Market has not yet responded to the com-

plaint.

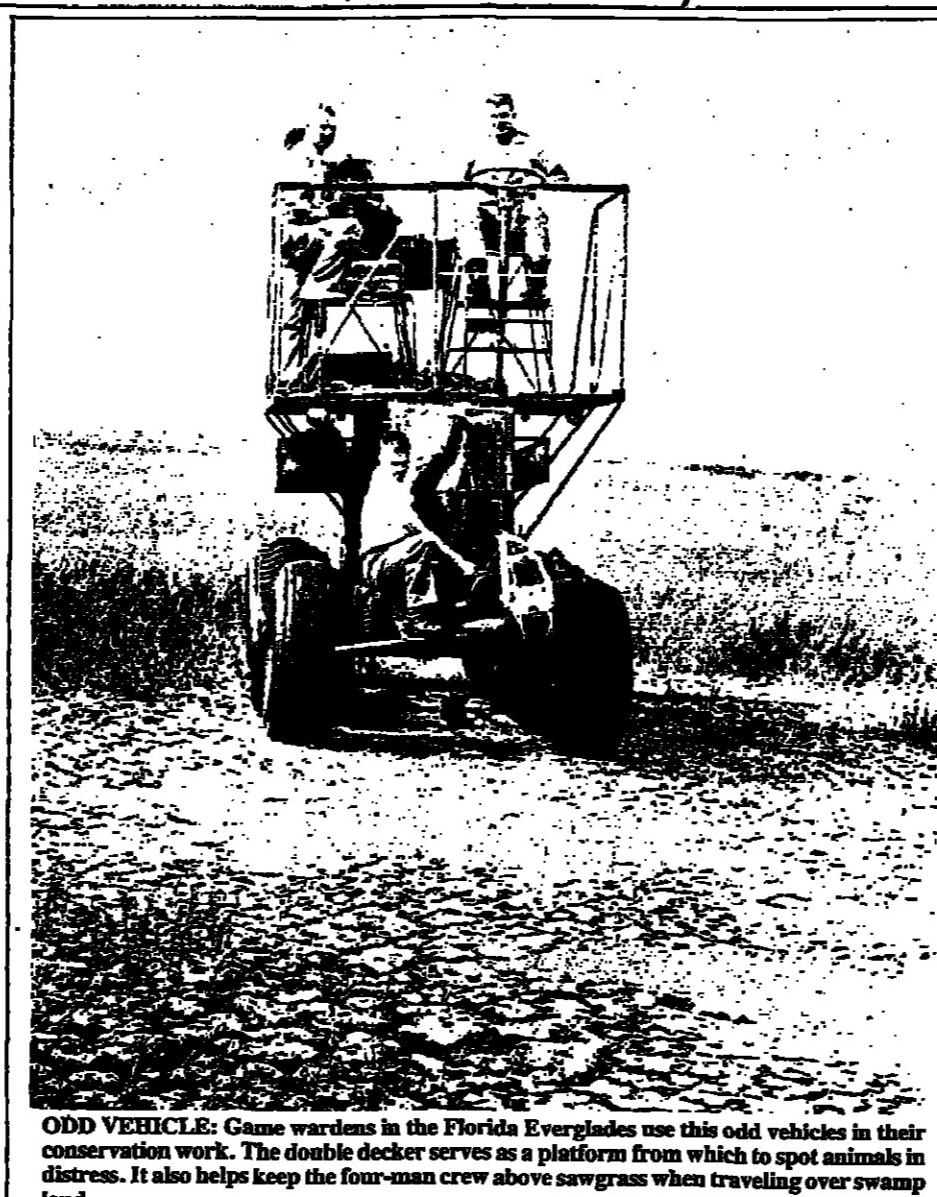
State Department officials familiar with European trade policies said the pasta-makers' complaint is only one small strand of a complex problem afflicting trade relations between the United States and Europe. U.S. steel manufacturers, for example, have complained of unfair competition from subsidized and state-owned European steel makers, and Europeans have complained of allegedly unfair competition from U.S. products subsidized through such techniques as controls on the price of natural gas.

Department of Agriculture figures show that imported spaghetti and noodle products account for only about 3 percent of U.S. sales. But Cullen said subsidies have contributed to a "dramatic increase" in pasta imports.

Lester Thurston, chairman of C.F. Muller Co., a major pasta maker, and president of the national pasta association, said that in 1979 and 1980, Italian imports rose 34 percent while sales of U.S.-made products stayed even.

"In the specialty shops, especially on the east coast, and in the ethnic neighborhoods, there has historically been an imported presence," he said, "but it was stable. It did not grow year to year. But in the past few years we have become aware of a substantial increase in the visibility of imported products."

Ironically, much imported pasta is made from U.S. wheat. Italy, faced with a poor wheat crop this year, increased its purchases of U.S. wheat from 5 million bushels to 16 1/2 million.



ODD VEHICLE: Game wardens in the Florida Everglades use this odd vehicle in their conservation work. The double decker serves as a platform from which to spot animals in distress. It also helps keep the four-man crew above sawgrass when traveling over swamp land.

### Cutting visitor exchanges

## U.S. influence seen waning

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP) — The Reagan administration proposal to slash funding for international visitor exchanges would cut American influence in Africa, and increase the clout of Soviet cultural aid, say critics of the budget cuts.

Cuts in the U.S. International Communications Agency budget also threaten to jeopardize cultural relations with China, says another organization affected, the National Committee on United States-China Relations. The committee pioneered the 1972 Chinese ping-pong team tour in America, a cultural ice breaker that ultimately was followed by the establishment of diplomatic relations with China eight years later.

Bart Rousseau of Crossroads Africa says that if the proposed cuts are enacted, his organization would have to shut down its African leaders program. That program, which he directs, has brought some 2,000 governmental leaders and administrators to the United States in the last 23 years.

"In these countries the Soviet Union is providing grants," said Rousseau. "If the American government pulls out their grants, the Soviet Union looks that much better. And we cannot discount these smaller countries."

Rousseau says the exchange of government leaders also improves the business climate for U.S. firms in those African nations, "these are our future trading partners," he said.

USICA's international visitors program, which has brought 33 current heads of state to the United States, would be cut almost 60 percent. That would eliminate some 75 countries, many of them in Africa, from the program, the agency says. "By and large, most of the people who have come over as visitors have been either current or potential political, economic and government leaders," said the Washington source.

"They have been in key jobs and it has been important to be able to show individuals what we stand for, give them a sense of our own values, our own institutions and give them a sense of how the U.S. government works."

He said cutting the African programs will "cut down on our access to a number of key government leaders." He noted that the USSR consistently spends "a great deal more money" on grants to bring Africans to visit and study in the Soviet Union.

Even in areas where official relations are not good, "embassies have been able to gain access to key government officials by offering them trips as international visitors," he said. "It will be another element that we will not have at our disposal in terms of attempting to influence key leaders."

In addition, 75 percent of the funds for short-term informal educational or professional visits by Africans would be cut, according to USICA, as part of an overall reduction of those types of exchanges from 2,000 to 400.

The budget cuts are being considered by Congress as part of a revised State Department authorization bill to fund the USICA, successor to the U.S. Information Agency.

The cuts, which would lop \$67 million off the agency's 1982 operating funds, would "virtually annihilate" the African visitor programs, according to a Capitol Hill source familiar with foreign policy issues. Their impact would be much milder in Europe and Latin America.

The source, who asked not be identified because of his official position, says the only programs which would remain intact in Africa would be those in which the U.S. has official agreements with the African government, known as "binational programs." And there are only one or two of those in all of Africa, according to the source, among them Egypt.

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## Protectionism dictates car prices in Europe

BRUSSELS, Nov. 1 (AFP) — European car prices are the lowest in the countries where the share of the market held by Japanese constructors is the largest, a study by European Bureau of Consumers' Unions indicates.

The study said that cars are generally cheaper in Belgium, Luxembourg, and Denmark. A Frenchman would be advised to buy a Citroen GSA Club in Denmark, despite the fact that Citroen is a French company.

### BRIEFS

PARIS (AFP) — French Matra and Tandy of the United States have agreed to form a micro-computer production company in France called Matra-Tandy Electronique, the French group has said here. The capital of 20 million francs (\$3.5 million) will be majority-held by Matra and private French interests. The Matra works at Colmar will produce the micro-computers using some French components, and Tandy will distribute the machines.

LONDON (AFP) — Britain's Imperial Chemical Industries (ICI) announced that its before-tax profits rose slightly in the third quarter to 86 million pounds (\$150 million). The figure was 83 million pounds for the second quarter and 52 million in the first.

Budapest (AFP) — Chemicals group Rhone-Poulenc has become the first leading French concern to open an office in Hungary. Company executives said their sales to Hungary this year would total around \$40 million, indicating a rising trend. They said Rhone-Poulenc also purchased Hungarian chemicals.

BELGRADE (AP) — Yugoslavia will export \$22 million worth of baby beef to Jordan under a contract concluded between the Jordanian ministry of supply and the "Generalexport" firm of Belgrade, the offi-

## Full trading hits local mart

By J. H. Hammona

JEDDAH, Nov. 1 — With the European markets closed Sunday, the local money market was described as being extremely dull and lethargic by dealers. There were few bids in the market for riyal deposit and nobody was willing to quote on dollar deposits of any significance. The situation was similar in Bahrain — where the OBU's (offshore banking units) "closed shop" early Sunday and called it a day.

Riyal rates remained stable on the whole, but rates eased in the shorter tenors with more liquidity injections received by the system. One-week and two-week fixed riyal deposits were offered at levels of 8 — 10 percent, but there were hardly any takers at those levels and dealers were expecting rates to fall to 5 — 6 percent levels when the markets re-open Monday. One-month

JIBOR bid-offer rates opened at 12 — 12 1/2 percent but had fallen to 11 1/2 — 12 1/2 percent by close Sunday. By comparison the six-month and one-year fixed rates remained firm at 14 — 14 1/2 percent and 14 1/2 — 14 1/4 percent respectively. The local market was waiting to see how Euro-dollar deposit rates opened Monday before making any new moves on riyal rates.

The local exchange markets mirrored the confusion prevailing on the European exchanges Friday. Spot dollar/riyal rates were quoted "wide" at 3.4140/60 at one stage, indicating market expectation that inter-bank dealing will be below the SAMA (Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency) parity level of 3.4200 Monday. Once again, even at such low prices there were few takers of dollars with the Kingdom-based commercial banks concentrating on "normal" commercially induced sales.

## Europe cool to reviving gold standard

LONDON, Nov. 1 (LAT) — European reaction to proposals that the United States return to the gold standard has been slow in developing and so far almost wholly negative.

In a sampling of analysts in Britain, France, West Germany, Switzerland and Italy, the major reaction has been incredulity to the idea raised by some economic advisers to President Reagan. The gold standard would require that U.S. currency be backed by a fixed amount of gold.

As Klaus Wieters, chief economist for the West Deutsche Landsbank of Dusseldorf, put it: "European governments and central banks have not yet seriously considered the possibility that America would return to the gold standard. They do not believe it would happen, and so they have not concerned themselves with ... trying to imagine how Reagan would do it."

A British journalist put it more succinctly: "Since we don't consider a return to the gold standard as a serious answer, we have not yet concerned ourselves with serious questions about it."

In general, most Europeans believe that there is no need for a return to the gold standard. "A return to the gold standard would only work if the United States establishes a tight monetary discipline first," a British economist said. "And once that is done, there then would be no real reason to shift to the gold standard."

There was some support in Italy toward the idea, mainly because that country's currency has been ravaged by fluctuating exchange rates. Brundt Borodani, research director of the Banca Nazionale Del Lavoro, declared: "The present system is too loose. Anything can happen. A linkage to gold would represent some progress, but would not be a solution. And the solution has to be found in policies to end the heavy speculation and the moving of currencies against each other. I have not been dedicated to the gold standard, but in the light of recent events, it would be an improvement."

Yet many European bankers say that while

## Singapore puts leash on unions

SINGAPORE, Nov. 1 (R) — The Singapore government has made crucial changes in its labor laws that will in effect ban almost all forms of industrial action by the country's trade unions.

The changes, contained in the trade disputes amendment bill passed by parliament without debate last week, will bring union acts such as go-slow and work-to-rule under the same stringent rules governing strikes.

The amended bill stipulates that any move designed or calculated to coerce the government either directly or by inflicting hardship on the community" will be deemed illegal.

Legal sources here said the legislation was so wide in scope that it would be impossible for any union to take militant action over grievances other than seeking redress through government channels.

But the government-backed National Trades Union Congress (NTUC) raised no

objection to the new labor code and, in fact, proposed a scheme to enable closer scrutiny of union leaders.

Under the NTUC plan, advisory councils including ministers, members of parliament and management executives, will be formed to supervise the conduct of trade unions. Senior government officials said the labor law and the NTUC scheme were to help workers from becoming victimized by political agitation at a time when Singapore was making an all out bid to restructure its economy.

The amended labor code prohibits workers from taking industrial action over a trade dispute not directly involving them. Any union action after a dispute has been referred to the government's Industrial Arbitration Court (IAC) is also illegal.

### Foreign Exchange Rates

	Quoted at 5:00 P.M. Saturday	SAMA	Cash	Transfer
Bahraini Dinar	9.00	9.075		
Bangladesh Taka	—	14.55		
Belgian Franc (1,000)	—	91.25		
Canadian Dollar	—	285.50		
Deutsche Mark (100)	155.00	154.80		
Dutch Guilder (100)	140.25	140.10		
Egyptian Pound	—	3.75	4.13	
Emirates Dirham (100)	93.25	93.15		
French Franc (100)	61.50	61.35		
Greek Drachma (1,000)	54.50	59.40		
Indian Rupee (100)	—	37.95		
Indonesian Rupiah (100)	—	—		
Iraqi Dinar (10,000)	—	—		
Italian Lira (10,000)	29.30	29.10		
Japanese Yen (1,000)	14.80	14.80		
Jordanian Dinar	10.17	10.125		
Kuwaiti Dinar	12.14	12.13		
Lebanese Lira (100)	74.60	74.50		
Moroccan Dirham (100)	61.45	64.20		
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	34.80		
Philippine Peso (100)	—	43.30		
Portuguese Escudo	6.47	6.42		
Qatari Riyal (100)	94.00	94.05		
Singapore Dollar (100)	164.45	164.45		
Spanish Peseta (1,000)	—	36.05		
Swiss Franc (100)	189.60	189.50		
Syrian Lira (100)	58.60	63.35		
Turkish Lira (1,000)	—	—		
U.S. Dollar</				



# Hungary books berth to Spain

BUDAPEST, Nov. 1 (R) — Hungary secured their place in the World Soccer finals in Spain next year with a three-goal burst in a 25-minute second half spell against Norway Saturday night.

Norway, bottom of Group Four, shocked their hosts when they went off at the interval level at 1-1, Lund equalizing Balint's 12th minute opener 10 minutes before the break.

But goals by Kis in the 60th and 85th minutes and one from Fazekas in the 80th minute, sent Hungary on the road to Spain.

The Hungarians may have a big say in who accompanies them to the final stages when they meet England in their final group game at Wembley on Nov. 18. If Hungary lose, England will almost certainly join them in Spain.

Kiss, who scored both goals in Hungary's 2-1 win over Norway is Oslo last May, was their hero yet again. He headed the Hungarians 2-1 ahead with a brilliant effort from a Torosick cross and slammed home the fourth goal from a pass by the same player.

Meanwhile, it was learnt that more than 10 million dollars worth of tickets have already been sold for next summer's finals in Spain.

World Cup press chief Jose Maria Calle told a symposium in Herzogenaurach, near Nuremberg, almost all tickets distributed abroad by the Mundi Espana organization, had been sold for nearly 25 million marks (\$10.8 million).

Mundi Espana, which had sold all but two percent of its 40 percent share of a total of 2.5 million World Cup tickets, had asked for a further 10 percent. But their request had been turned down, Calle said.

The organization has offered tickets only in a travel and accommodation package. Calle said some tickets may be available separately after next January's draw.

Meanwhile, London is to be the venue for the first ever American football tournament to be held in Europe from Jan. 3 to 11 next year.

Competing with teams from France, Germany, Austria and Italy will be two teams from American military bases in Britain and West Germany.

News of the tournament was released by the National Committee for the Development of American Football in France from its headquarters in Paris.

In Rio de Janeiro, the Flamengo Soccer Club beat Bolivia's Jorge Willsterman 4-1, completing its sweep of the semifinals of the Liberators Cup of America.

Flamengo had previously clinched a berth in the Cup finals in November, where it will face Cobreloa of Chile.

Willsterman surprised Flamengo at two minutes of the first period with a well-kicked goal by Taborga from outside the penalty area. But the Brazilians reacted quickly, and at 18 minutes Nunes headed in his team's first goal. Adiles then headed in a deflected corner kick at 39 minutes for Flamengo's second goal. The first half ended with Flamengo in front, 2-1.

Willsterman started the second period threatening, but Flamengo shook off its apparent disinterest and soon dominated. Anselmo finally put the game away for Flamengo with a goal at 42 minutes, while his teammate Chiquimbo closed out the scoring at 44 minutes of the final period.

## College Football results



Sean O'Grady, at training

## France records impressive win

NARBONNE, France Nov. 1 (AFP) — France avenged last year's 15-0 loss to Romania in Bucharest with a 17-9 Rugby Union Test win here Sunday over their now-traditional rivals.

Playing in sunny and unseasonal warm weather, the French started like steamrollers, moving towards an 11-0 lead by the 14th minute.

Fulback Serge Gabernet opened the scoring in the third minute on a penalty kick from 40. France, the Five-Nation champions, trounced by the Australians this summer, struck again quickly. The French three quarters caught the Romanian three quarters off-side. Throwing in the penalty, Blanco passed to scrumhalf Jean-Pierre Elisalde, who waltzed across the goaline unchallenged in the eighth minute.

Gabernet missed the conversion from the corner, but the French, playing without team captain Jean-Pierre Rins, were already showing themselves ready for both their two imminent Tests with the touring New Zealand All-Blacks and the Five-Nation season.

Laporte succeeded with a 30-meter drop kick in the 31st minute, taking France to 14-0.

Romania recovering a little struck back with a 22-meter penalty kick in the 34th minute by their captain Ion Constantian. In response to France's Rodriguez hitting Romanian fullback Florea when he didn't have the ball.

A French side gave Constantian to score on another penalty from 40 in the 39th minute, leaving the two teams 14-6 at half-time.

The momentum was swinging toward Romania, recovering on an aggressive and organized defense. The visitors scored again on a penalty kick by Constantian in the 48th minute. The French began to look inept, especially when Romania almost scored twice in the 79th minute, but that was it for the Romanian rally. There was not further score until Gabernet put a penalty across in the 84th minute.

On Saturday, the New Zealand All-Blacks beat a French selection 18-10 in Clermont, while Australia narrowly beat the Wales 'B' team 10-9 in Cardiff, in their fifth match of their British Rugby tour.

	22 Bucknell	15
Harvard	41 Brown	7
Maine	9 Northeastern	3
Pittsburgh	29 Boston College	24
Rhode Island	14 New Hampshire	12
Syracuse	47 Colgate	24
W. Virginia	20 E. Carolina	3
Yale	24 Dartmouth	3
Clemson	82 Wake Forest	14
Duke	38 Georgia Tech	24
S. Carolina	49 Temple	5
Georgia	20 N. Carolina St.	12
Michigan St.	25 Michigan	3
Ohio St.	45 Purdue	33
Houston	20 Texas Christian	16
Holy Cross	14 Columbia	7
Princeton	38 Penn	30
Alabama	13 Mississippi St.	10
Louisiana St.	27 Mississippi	27
N. Carolina	17 Maryland	10
Virginia	13 VMI	10
Cincinnati	17 Tulane	13
Kansas St.	10 Iowa St.	7
Michigan	24 Minnesota	13
Notre Dame	38 Navy	0
Oklahoma	49 Colorado	0
S. Mississippi	22 N. Texas St.	0
Texas	26 Texas Tech	9
Tulsa	59 Drake	6
Auburn	14 Florida	12
Vanderbilt	26 Memphis St.	0
Illinois	24 Iowa	7

	31 Kansas	15
Arkansas	41 Rice	7
Southern Meth.	27 Texas A and M	7
Air Force	7 Army	3
Montana	27 Montana St.	17
Wyoming	55 Colorado St.	21
Miami (Florida)	17 Penn State	14
Utah	45 Oregon State	3
Bingham Young	28 Oregon	11
	31 New Mexico	7

	N.B.A. results	
Philadelphia	108 Atlanta	106
Indians	106 New York	99
San Antonio	145 Denver	120
Detroit	119 Chicago	108
Milwaukee	119 Boston	107
Dallas	92 Los Angeles City	89
San Diego	125 Houston	110
Golden State	106 Utah	91
Seattle	94 Phoenix	84

	N.H.L. results	
Vancouver	8 Philadelphia	4
Harford	2 Chicago	2
Boston	7 N.Y. Rangers	5
Winnipeg	5 Toronto	5
Edmonton	2 Montreal	1
Pittsburgh	11 Quebec	4
	3 Buffalo	0

## Ganigan too good for O'Grady

JOHANNESBURG, South Africa, Nov. 1 (AP) — South African Gerry Coetzee knocked out American Leroy Caldwell in the fifth round of their heavyweight boxing match Saturday night.

The WBA fifth-ranked boxer hit Caldwell with a wicked right cross at 2:37 in the fifth to end the scheduled 10-round event.

The unranked American from Milwaukee, Wisconsin scored with a flurry of punches in the fourth round. But Coetzee dominated the fight throughout.

"He never hurt me — but I don't get hurt in the ring," Coetzee said after the fight. "My dad told me after the second round I was wasting my punches. He said I had to set him up. I had to measure him for a knockout — and that's what I did."

In the loser's dressing room, Caldwell would say only that Coetzee had potential. "He's a good strong boy, but he's got a lot to learn about the boxing business," Caldwell said. "I think they put him up against the top fighters too soon in his career, and I don't think he's a serious contender for the world title."

Meanwhile, Honolulu's Andy Ganigan

floored Sean O'Grady three times in the second round to stop O'Grady in a lightweight fight before a crowd of about 100 Saturday in Little Rock.

Because of the three knockdowns, the fight was stopped with 52 seconds left in the second round of the scheduled 15-round event.

The fight was about even in the first round and then O'Grady went down when he was hit with a straight left hand and right hook combination twice in a row. He took an eight count, then Ganigan knocked him into the ropes with a left hand and O'Grady took another eight count.

Ganigan was on the attack immediately and knocked O'Grady into the ropes again. He wobbled before reaching the middle of the ring where Ganigan floored him with a left hook to the ribs.

Ganigan, 29, was a late replacement for Howard Davis, the former Olympic champion who suffered a rib injury two weeks ago. Ganigan is left-handed. Pat O'Grady, Sean's father and manager, said before the fight he was concerned because his son had not trained against southpaws.

O'Grady, 22, of Oklahoma City came in with a 76-2 record, including 65 knockouts.



Gerry Coetzee, lashing out

Ganigan had a 33-3 record with 29 knockouts.

The fight was billed as a fight for the New World Athletic Association's lightweight title. O'Grady won the World Boxing Association title in April with a decision over Hilmer Kent, but lost it in court three months later. Ganigan was ranked No. 2 by the WBA.

In Atlantic City, New Jersey, Johnny

Bumphus, scoring heavily in the last six rounds, took the U.S. Boxing Association junior welterweight title from defending five-time champion Willie Rodriguez Saturday.

Bumphus, a gold medalist in the 1980 Olympic trials, won a unanimous decision in the 12-round title fight over Rodriguez, of Allentown, Pennsylvania.

Judge Harold Lederman scored it 8-3-1, judge Charles Spina had it 8-4 and referee Arthur Mercanti scored it 7-5 in favor of Nashville, Tennessee Native.

Now 12-0 as a professional with eight knockouts, Bumphus said his slow start was due to "trying to punch too hard instead of just landing punches. I was psyched up too much. I was trying to do my best."

A Rodriguez right caused Bumphus' nose to bleed in the third round and a left-right-left attack to Bumphus' head in the fifth swelled his right eye.

After the fifth round, Rodriguez lost control of the bout as Bumphus gained his jab. After the sixth round, in which both fighters launched furious body attacks, Bumphus began connecting with his right jab.

By the eighth round, Bumphus was sailing comfortably as he chased Rodriguez about the ring and backed him into corners. Rodriguez was holding onto Bumphus in the 11th and Bumphus responded with crisp left hooks that loosened Rodriguez's mouthpiece.

Afterwards, Rodriguez congratulated Bumphus and said, "Hang onto it (the title) if you can."

The 21-year-old Bumphus said his future will be spent "establishing myself higher in the ratings and fighting on a regular basis. Today the U.S. tomorrow the world."

## Lone U.S. sailor conquers Pacific

SYDNEY, Australia, Nov. 1 (AP) — Gerry Spiess sailed his tiny 10 foot (3 meter) yacht *Yankee Girl* into Sydney harbor Saturday after a five-month voyage across the Pacific from the United States.

It was the smallest vessel ever to make the hazardous voyage, and Spiess, 40, declared as he stepped ashore on wobbly legs that he would never do it again. "This is my last single-handed sail," he said.

"Good," said his wife, Sally, as she hugged the bearded sailor from White Bear Lake, Minnesota. He had previously sailed the cockleshell craft across the Atlantic.

She had last seen her husband in June in Honolulu, one of the five ports of call Spiess made on the 7,800-mile voyage.

Spiess' parents, Jeanette and Lou Spiess, some 15 follow citizens of White Bear Lake, and Saturday afternoon sailors from Sydney greeted him as his yacht moored at the Royal Sydney Yacht Squadron. Some of them rolled out a placard which read "Welcome Gerry Spiess — White Bay Area Chamber of Commerce."

Spiess looked as fresh as though he had been out for a morning's sail or the harbor as he came ashore in crisp white trousers and cream sailing sweater.

"My legs feel weak," he said, staggering on his wife's arm as she assisted him upstairs to a formal welcoming ceremony and press conference where he was immediately served a dish of ice cream.

He said he could not recall exactly how many days he had been at sea. "I think it was about 110 days," he said. "It's five months almost to the hour since I left Long Beach (California). I had planned to be here Nov. 1 so I'm a day early."

Spiess said the most frightening part of his voyage occurred during the past two weeks. His yacht was buffeted by violent electrical storms on the final leg from New Caledonia to Australia.

"I was surprised I was not struck by lightning," he said.

Spiess plans to write a book about the voyage and build another yacht for cruising. *Yankee Girl* will be flown back to the United States for exhibition at boat shows.

Spiess said *Yankee Girl*, the smallest vessel to sail the Pacific and Atlantic Oceans, would eventually find a home in a museum.

As Sally Spiess helped him off with the sailing jacket, she said, "I hope he really

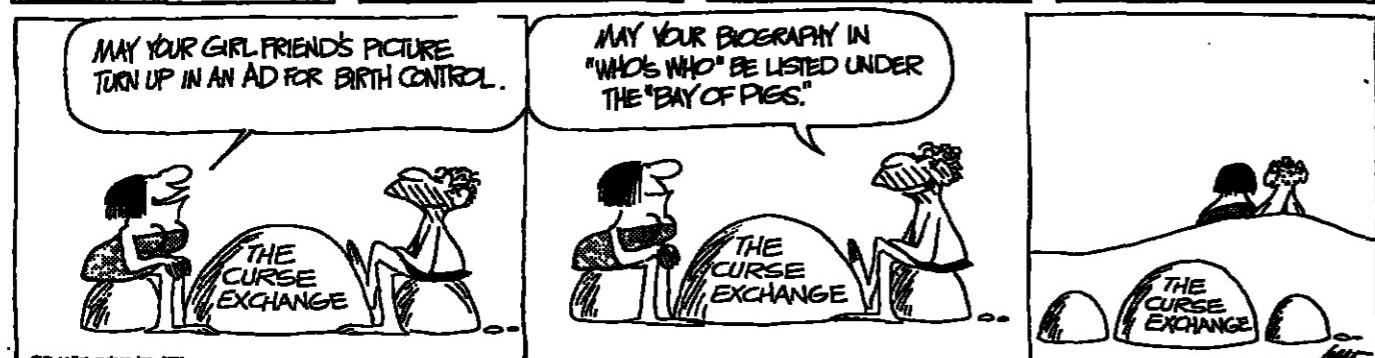
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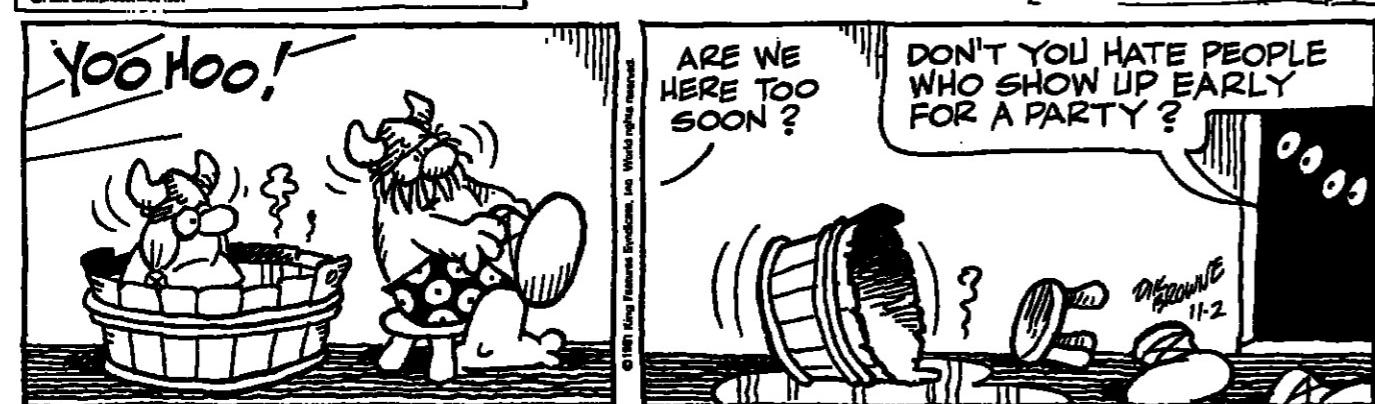
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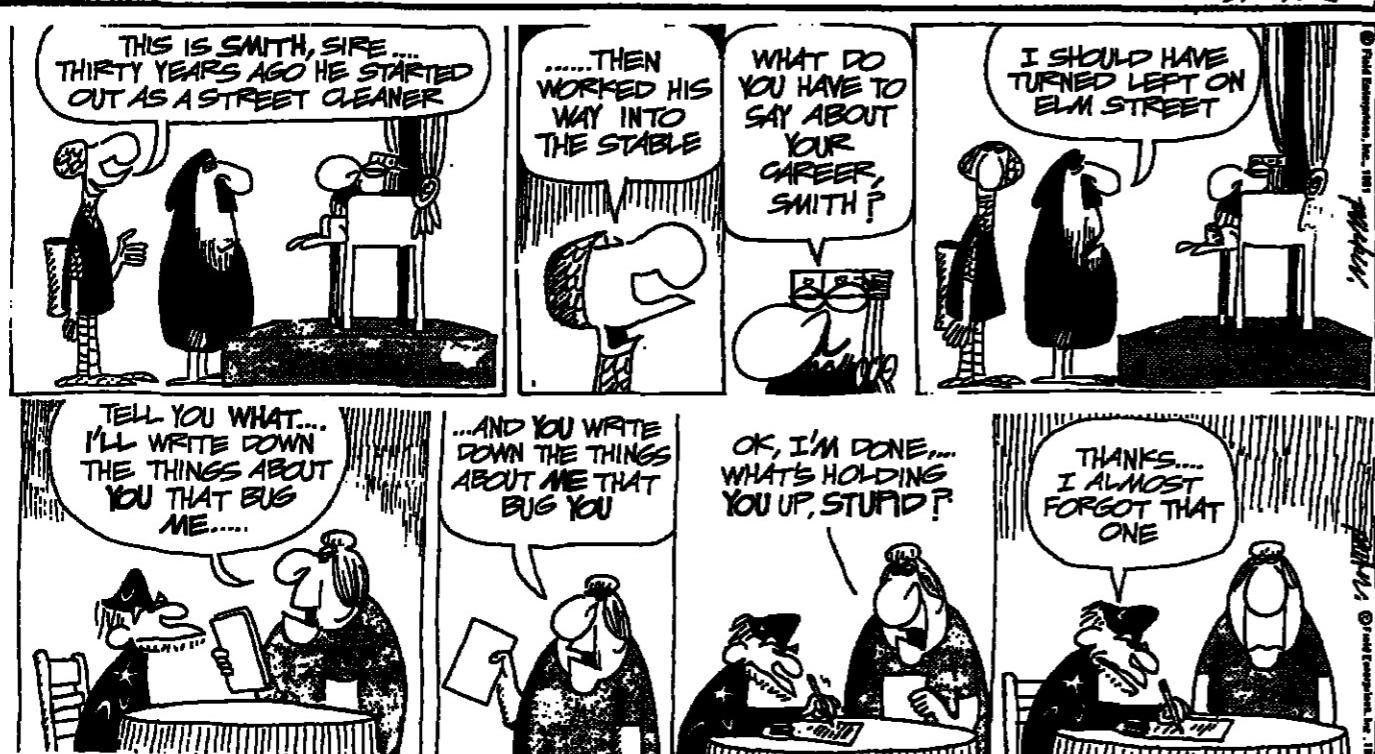
HAGAR



SMALL SOCIETY



WIZARD



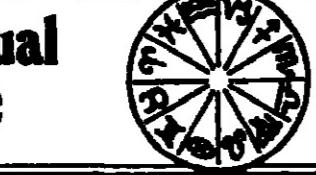
SMITH'S TENNIS CLASS



## Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

FOR MONDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1981



What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)

Morning is your best time for action. After a promising beginning, there may be some delays regarding an upcoming career matter.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)

Think of the long run regarding a work venture. Don't become discouraged by temporary obstacles. Have faith

in your own potential.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 20)

You may get cold feet after a promising romantic beginning. Take time to get to know one another. Don't expect immediate miracles.

CANCER (June 21 to July 22)

Luck is with you regarding a domestic venture, but you may be displeased by a relative's outlook. Romance may present problems now.

LEO (July 23 to Aug. 22)

Your schedule could be upset in some way. Though you're hopeful about long-range prospects, don't let an immediate problem get you down!

Even if you can't work out the details, you'll get the overall picture regarding a creative project. Rise above negativity.

VIRGO (Aug. 23 to Sept. 22)

A financial project looks good, but it may entail some sacrifices. A date may be changed at the last minute. Be adaptable.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)

Though you may be pleased about your own potential, be just as hopeful about another's. Don't be a wet blanket. Strive to be fair.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

Dealing with friends are touch-and-go. New plans regarding lasting security are worthwhile, but difficult to implement at present.

PISCES (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20)

Deals with friends are touch-and-go. New plans regarding lasting security are worthwhile, but difficult to implement at present.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) You're able to bring out the best in others now, though a friend though could disappoint you about a money matter. Be understanding.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19)

You have progressive ideas, but a higher-up may not see it that way at present. You'll have to rely on your innate patience.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18)

Educational pursuits stimulate you now. Sign up for courses. Don't let another's indifference cause you to alter your position.

PISCES (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20)

Dealing with friends are touch-and-go. New plans regarding lasting security are worthwhile, but difficult to implement at present.

## DUNAGIN'S PEOPLE



"EVERY TIME I WANT TO PUT MY MONEY TO WORK FOR ME, IT'S BUSY PAYING MY BILLS."

## arab news Calendar

### SAUDI ARABIA

#### DUBAI Channel 10

MONDAY	5:00 Quran	6:20 Business
	6:30 Program Preview	6:30 World
	6:45 Children's Program	7:25 Cinema Theater
	7:15 Cartoons	8:25 Fortuna
	8:30 Islamic Program	10:15 Dr. Kildare
	9:15 English News	10:40 1 Spy
	— English Song	
	8:00 Unesco World	
	8:30 Local News	
	9:00 Program Preview	
	— Daily Arabic Series	
	— Selected Song	
	— Wreating	
	— Classroom	
TUESDAY	7:00 Quran	6:20 Documentary
	8:00 Arabic Drama	9:00 Arab
	8:30 Local News	9:30 World
	9:00 Program Preview	10:30 Film
	— Daily Arabic Series	
	— Arabic Songs	
	— Classroom	
WEDNESDAY	7:00 Quran	6:20 India Film
	8:00 Unesco World	11:30 Checkdown
	8:30 Local News	
	9:00 Program Preview	
	— Daily Arabic Series	
	— Arabic Songs	
	— Classroom	
THURSDAY	7:00 Quran	6:20 Business
	8:00 Arabic News	6:30 World
	8:30 Musical Show	7:25 Feature Film
	9:30 English News	8:00 Feature Film
	— Arabic Programs	9:30 Feature Film
	9:45 Arabic Interview Program	10:45 Quran
	10:45 The Pallbearers	11:00 H.R. Pufnstuf

### SAUDI ARABIA

#### DUBAI Channel 33

6:00 Quran	6:20 Business
6:10 Bananas	6:30 World
6:30 Lascivious	7:25 Cinema Theater
7:00 Arabic Talk	8:25 Fortuna
7:30 Cartoons	10:15 Dr. Kildare
8:00 Cartoon Series	10:40 1 Spy
8:30 Family Program	
9:00 Local News	
9:30 Documentary	
10:00 Arabic Drama	
10:30 Unesco World	
11:00 Arabic News	
11:30 Feature Film	
12:00 Classroom	

### OMAN

#### DUBAI Channel 4

6:00 Quran	6:20 Business
6:10 Bananas	6:30 World
6:30 Lascivious	7:25 Cinema Theater
7:00 Arabic Talk	8:25 Fortuna
7:30 Cartoons	10:15 Dr. Kildare
8:00 Cartoon Series	10:40 1 Spy
8:30 Family Program	
9:00 Local News	
9:30 Documentary	
10:00 Arabic Drama	
10:30 Unesco World	
11:00 Arabic News	
11:30 Feature Film	
12:00 Classroom	

### RADIO FRANCAISE DJEDDAH

#### SECTION FRANCAISE DJEDDAH

MONDAY	2:00 Opening	6:00 Ouverture
	2:26 Holy Quran	6:30 World
	2:42 Quranic Rev.	7:25 Cinema Theater
	3:00 Quran	8:25 Fortuna
	3:15 Cartoons	10:15 Dr. Kildare
	3:30 Islamic Program	10:40 1 Spy
	3:45 English News	
	4:00 English Song	
	4:15 Children's Program	
	4:45 Children's Program	
	5:15 Children's Program	
	5:30 Children's Program	
	5:45 Children's Program	
	6:00 English News	
	6:15 English Song	
	6:30 Classroom	
	6:45 Classroom	
	7:00 Quran	
	7:15 Quranic Rev.	
	7:30 Quranic Rev.	
	7:45 Quranic Rev.	
	8:00 Quranic Rev.	
	8:15 Quranic Rev.	
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	11:30 Quranic Rev.	
	11:45 Quranic Rev.	
	11:55 Quranic Rev.	
	12:00 Quranic Rev.	

### VOA

#### MORNING SCHEDULE

0600-0700 Daybreak: Regional and International News, Comment, News Summary	1209 British Press Review
0700-0800 The Breakfast Show: News, Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reporters	1215 Notes from an Observer
0800-0900 The Small International News Roundup	1220 Good Books
0900-1000 The Breakfast Show: News, Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reporters	1235 Interface
1000-1100 The Breakfast Show: News, Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reporters	1235 Look Ahead
1100-1200 The Breakfast Show: News, Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reporters	1245 Three Centuries of Italian Opera
1200-1300 The Breakfast Show: News, Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reporters	0115 Bringing the Past to Life
1300-1400 The Breakfast Show: News, Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reporters	0130 28th, 30th, 1st, 2nd, 20th, 22nd, 24th, 26th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 3rd, 5th, 7th, 9th, 11th, 13th, 15th, 17th, 19th, 21st, 23rd, 25th, 27th, 29th, 31st, 3rd, 5th, 7th, 9th, 11th, 13th, 15th, 17th, 19th, 21st, 23rd,

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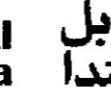
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PAGE 16

*Despite threats*

## Polish labor vows to continue strikes

WARSAW, Nov. 1 (AP) — Solidarity union activists Sunday vowed to continue wildcat protests idling some 250,000 workers despite a call by the Polish parliament for an immediate halt to strikes.

Strikes, some of them up to three weeks old, continued in Zyrardow, Tarnobrzeg, Zielona Gora and Sosnowiec, over food shortages and other issues, as other local unions scheduled new protest actions this week.

At the same time, millions of Poles flocked to cemeteries and monuments Sunday to commemorate the dead, bringing with them armloads of flowers and candles to decorate the graves. Some 2,500 persons gathered Sunday afternoon around a grave site in Warsaw's Powazki cemetery commemorating the victims of the Katyn forest, where thousands of Polish army officers were murdered in 1941.

Commemorations for the Katyn victims

## 2 climbers find German's body

KATMANDU, Nov. 1 (AP) — Two members of the American Medical Research Everest Expedition said Sunday they have found the body of a West German woman who died on the mountain two years ago.

Chris Kopczynski and Sherpa guide Sundare said they found the body of Hannelore Schmitz on Oct. 21 at 27,400 ft. of Everest. She was lying three feet off the snow on a table-like block of ice, Kopczynski said. "She was fully clothed with her oxygen mask. The body was not decomposed but dehydrated by the sun and wind."

After the German group's first attack party, including Mrs. Schmitz's husband Perhard, had conquered Everest, a second attack party escorted by Sundare made a final assault on the 29,028-foot Everest.

Kopczynski said Sundare told him that Mrs. Schmitz, Raymond Genet, the expedition's only American member, and himself climbed "to the summit." Then, Mrs. Schmitz had a difficult time coming down the "Hillary step" located at an elevation of 28,900 feet. All three climbers were exhausted, Sundare was quoted as saying. So he returned to the South Col alone to "get more oxygen" and went back the following morning.

have multiplied in the general eased atmosphere here since strikes in August 1980 launched the independent union Solidarity, the first of its kind in the Soviet bloc.

The current spate of wildcat strikes, the worst since the 1980 protests, showed little sign of easing Sunday and many local leaders remained adamant in their view that strikes would continue till their causes were resolved.

"The strike committee considers all important matters and it will have to consider both the Solidarity leadership and Sejm (parliament) resolutions," a spokesman for striking unions in Tarnobrzeg said.

"But the strike will certainly continue Monday and under the current circumstances, there is almost no chance that the strike committee will decide to stop in the next day," the spokesman said. The union official cited the "stubbornness" of government negotiators who demanded the protest be suspended before talks commence.

The parliament, in its resolution Saturday demanding an immediate halt to strikers, said such protests endangered Poland's existence, an apparent reference to continuing economic decline. One parliamentary deputy from Tarnobrzeg, Zdzislaw Malicki, told the Sejm that the Tarnobrzeg protest had already cost Poland \$5 million in lost sulphur exports.

Grzegorz Popielczyk, spokesman for some 12,000 striking women in Zyrardow, a textile center west of here, said "we won't end the strike until we have a real guarantee of condition in which we can at least survive." The women in Zyrardow have been on strike for 20 days to protest shortages and bad quality of food in the town.

In southwestern Zielona Gora, where some 150,000 workers have been on a province-wide strike for 10 days, Solidarity spokesman Mieczyslaw Osmani said the strike is still on. "We are waiting for a competent government commission for talks," Osmani said, "and we have the full support of (Solidarity leader) Lech Walesa." In Sosnowiec, a coal-mining center near Katowice in southern Poland, miners remained on sit-in strike at a local coal pit where a chemical-throwing incident hospitalized some 60 persons last week. Most of those hospitalized have been released, but the miners are on strike until an investigation is completed.

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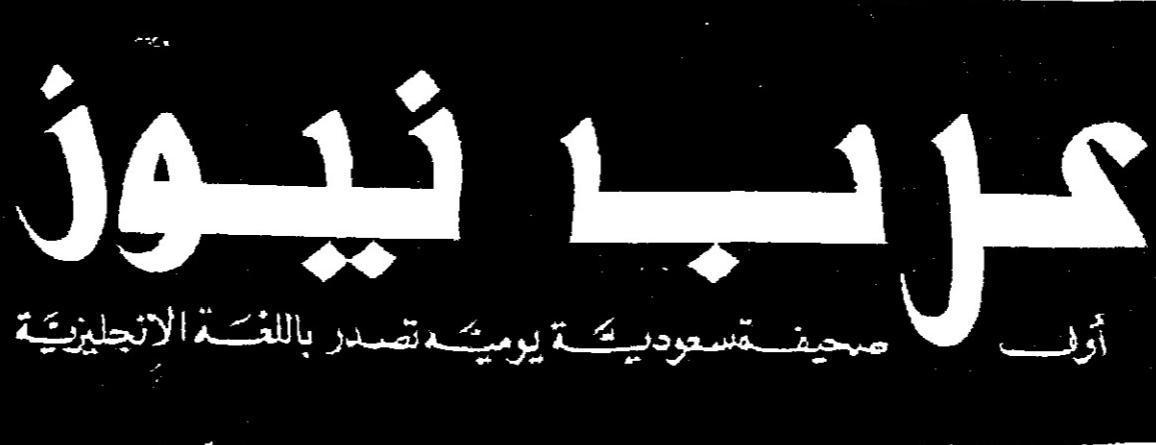
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## International

### Franco-African summit set to solve Chad issue

PARIS, Nov. 1 (R) — Foreign ministers from French-speaking Africa gather in Paris Monday to lay the groundwork for this week's Franco-African summit, where Chad is expected to head the agenda.

Some 20 heads of state and representatives from a further 10 countries will attend the annual summit Tuesday and Wednesday, the first since French President Francois Mitterrand's election. They will include Chad President Goukouni Oueddei, who last week called for the withdrawal from Chad of a Libyan force, estimated at some 8,000 strong which intervened there a year ago to help him end a civil war.

Goukouni will be able to brief the summit on the events in Chad last week that led to his demand. Reports at first circulated that the Libyan force staged a show of strength in Chad's capital, but later the French government said it knew of no unusual military activity in Ndjamena.

The official Libyan radio Saturday described the reports of Goukouni's call for the withdrawal of the troops as misleading, although it did not directly deny them. The French Foreign Ministry said Goukouni had asked the Libyans to withdraw under an

organization for African Unity (OAU) plan to replace them with neutral peacekeeping troops.

Some of the leaders attending the summit have taken part in previous initiatives to bring peace to the former French colony and last week Togo President Gnassingbe Eyadema said the meeting would be a new chance to seek a solution. French officials said President Mitterrand, who has pledged support for the Goukouni government and urged quick implementation of the OAU plan, will use the summit to set a new tone in France's relations with African countries.

In Khartoum, Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri said Saturday the withdrawal of Libyan troops from Chad would pave the way for the reconstruction of Chad and would help in restoring peace to that war-torn country.

In a statement to the Sudanese News Agency Numeiri called on the world community and Africa in particular to provide assistance for the reconstruction of Chad after the withdrawal of Libyan troops was finalized.

Sudan would do its utmost to assist Chad by contributing to the African peacekeeping force, if asked to, the agency said. Numeiri who repeatedly expressed profound concern over the Libyan military presence in Chad called on the Sudanese people to perform thanksgiving prayers for Chad's government decision regarding the withdrawal of Libyan troops, according to the agency.

Meanwhile, the weekly independent Nairobi Times said Sunday that African states could boycott the OAU summit in the Libyan capital Tripoli next June, if Libyan troops have not pulled out of Chad by that time.

If Libya continued to use excuses to remain in Chad, it was going to learn that no African state could be imposed upon, the paper warned in an editorial. It called for the OAU to take urgent action to send a neutral peacekeeping force to Chad.

"It is not possible to allow activities aimed at overthrowing the government," said Gen. Arthit, a key figure in crushing an abortive military coup in April against Premier Prem

## Good Morning

By Jihad Al Khuzen

The old fellow looked me up and down, then said sourly: "Say no more! I know your type! A whole generation of you with the same story: America this and America that! One explanation repeated endlessly for whatever problem you care to mention. War or revolution or famine or whatever. It's always American engineered, American orchestrated, American financed..."

I started to answer but he cut me short. "Don't bother to explain. My generation has already been that way, and look where it got us... Except that instead of saying 'America... America' as you do, we used to say 'Britain... Britain' as behind any catastrophe which might befall us or anyone else... We never learned the golden lesson that it is our being sheep that made those others into wolves; that the fault was in ourselves. Or we learned, as you'll learn, but only when it is too late..."

I answered that our problem was special. "In your time," I said, "Britain at least made no bones about its being an empire, so that dirty tricks were always on the agenda. But the Americans profess something while they do something else..."

"Whoa..." he said. "If you're going to insist on your position then I'll revert to

Tinsulanonda.

Thai police Saturday searched the homes of at least three of the dismissed army colonels who led the attempted April 1 coup, but found "nothing suspicious," Gen. Arthit conceded in remarks broadcast by radio.

The general, who doubles as commander of the Bangkok-based First Army Region, confirmed he had ordered stepped-up security at strategic installations after the two unexplained bomb attacks in government offices here.

Gen. Arthit said the authorities had been unable to identify people behind the blasts.

## Thailand to continue

### Thai searches

BANGKOK, Nov. 1 (AFP) — Thai security forces will continue searches launched Friday, to head off any possible anti-government plot after two unexplained bomb attacks here Wednesday, a top army general announced Sunday.

Assistant army commander in chief, Gen. Arthit Kamlang-Ek, 56, said the searches, which began amid army alerts and at least one tank movement in the capital, were precautions "to tackle any unrest should it occur."

"It is not possible to allow activities aimed at overthrowing the government," said Gen. Arthit, a key figure in crushing an abortive military coup in April against Premier Prem

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